



Network Traffic Camera

Configuration Manual

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Symbol Conventions

The symbols that may be found in this document are defined as follows.

Symbol	Description
 Danger	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will or could result in death or serious injury.
 Caution	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in equipment damage, data loss, performance degradation, or unexpected results.
 Note	Provides additional information to emphasize or supplement important points of the main text.

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Chapter 1 Application Mode Configuration

 **Note**

- The supported application modes vary with different models. The actual device prevails.
 - If the application mode supports area drawing, you can check **Display All Areas** to display all the lines and areas, convenient to view the effect of all the lines and areas. If you uncheck it, only the current selected lane will be displayed, convenient to draw the current lane.
-

 **Caution**

You can click **Default** to restore all the set parameters to the default settings. Please operate with care.

1.1 Set Checkpoint Capture

1.1.1 Set Checkpoint Single I/O

Set checkpoint single I/O if capture is triggered by external I/O signal (digital signal). In this mode, the information including the vehicle passing time, vehicle overview, license plate number, license plate color, vehicle color (only supported for the Middle East version), the facial features of the driver and the front passenger, etc. will be recorded.

Before You Start

Connect F+ of the I/O signal to the T interface of the device, and F- to the GND of the device.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Capture → Application Mode** .
2. Select **Application Mode** as **Checkpoint Single I/O**.

Application Mode

Application Mode: Checkpoint Single I/O

Work Mode:

Violation Detection Configuration

Seatbelt Unbuckled: 1

Phone Call: 1

Scene and Mode Configuration

Capture Mode: Flash Strobe

Lane

External Input: IO1

T1

Emergency Lane Occupation Capture

Emergency Lane Occupation Capture

Linked Lane No.: 1

Lane Type: Normal Lane

I/O Trigger Mode: Falling Edge

Capture Pictures: 1

Capture Interval: Time

Capture Interval(ms): 0 - 0 - 0 - 0

Linkage Output: F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7

Figure 1-1 Set Checkpoint Single I/O

- 3. Optional:** Select the violation type(s) to be detected, and set the corresponding parameters. Refer to ***Set Violation and Incident Detection*** for details.
- 4.** Set scene and mode parameters. Refer to ***Set Scene and Mode*** for details.
- 5.** Check the corresponding **External Input** according to the connected I/O signal.

 **Note**

Each input corresponds to one lane.

- 6. Optional:** Check **Emergency Lane Occupation Capture** if you want to detect the violation of occupying emergency lane.
- 7.** Set the lane parameters. Refer to ***Set Linked Lane Parameters*** for details.
- 8.** Set the parameters below.

I/O Trigger Mode

Capture is triggered according to the level signal status. If you select **Falling Edge**, the device will trigger capture at the moment that the high level falls to low level. If you select **Rising Edge**, the device will trigger capture at the moment that the low level rises to high level.

Capture Interval

Select **Time**, and set **Interval** (the time between the adjacent captures).

Capture Pictures

The number of captured picture(s).

9. Optional: Link supplement light(s) to the specific lane(s). Refer to **Set Supplement Light Linkage** for details.

10. Optional: Check the other external input channel(s) to copy the same settings.

11. Draw lane lines.

1) Click **Draw Lane Line**.

Note

The system will capture a picture and use it as the background. You can also check **Video Background** to use the live view as the background.

2) Select the default lane line and right border line, and drag the two end points of the line or drag the whole line to adjust its position according to the actual scene.

3) Click **OK**.

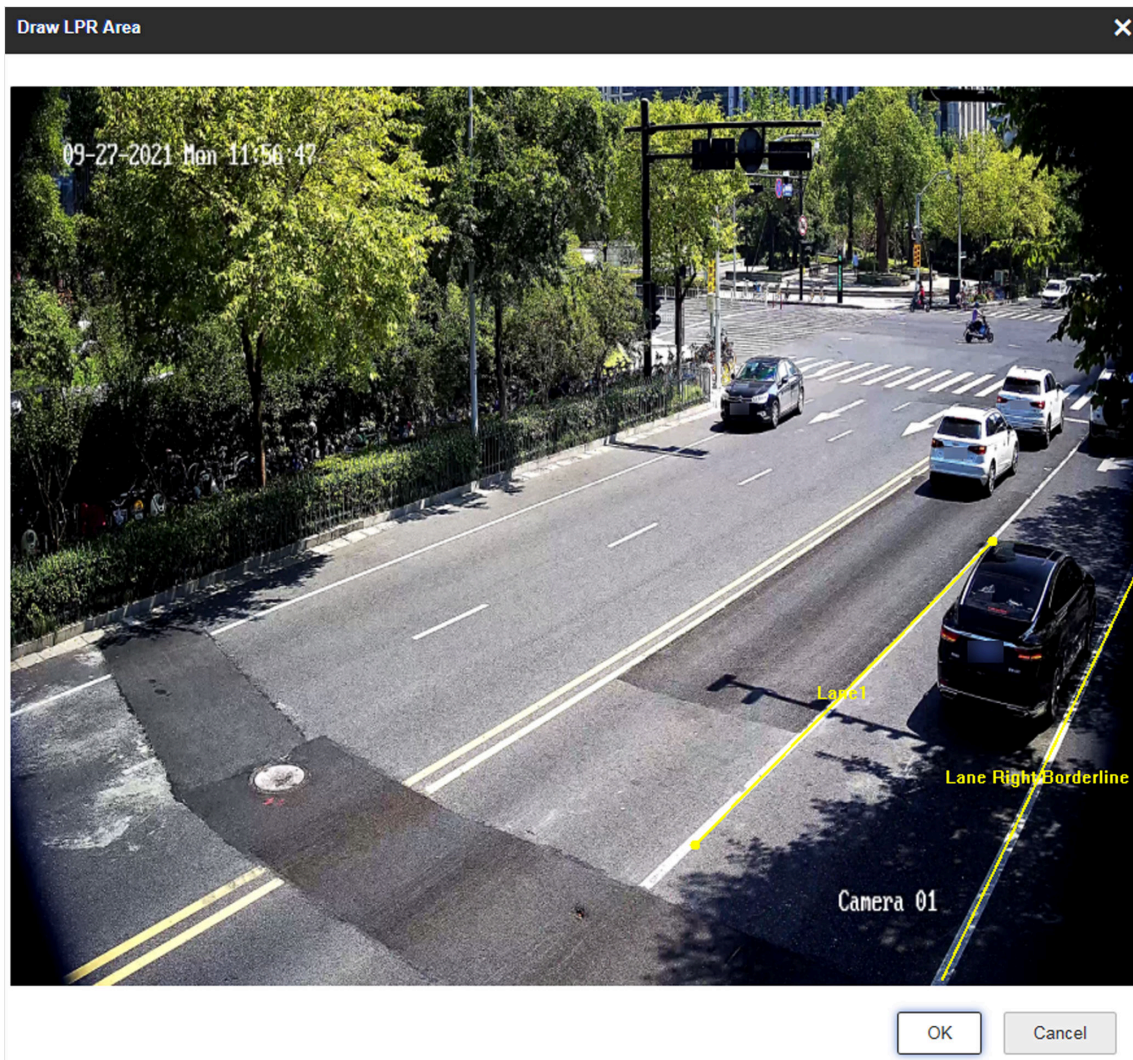


Figure 1-2 Draw Lane Line

12. Click **Save**.

1.1.2 Set RS-485 Radar

Set RS-485 radar if RS-485 signal (speed detection or capture via radar) is connected, and capture is triggered by radar. In this mode, the information including the vehicle speed, vehicle passing time, vehicle overview, license plate number, license plate color, vehicle color, the facial features of the driver and the front passenger, etc. will be recorded.

Before You Start

- Install the radar.
- Connect the D+ and D- of the radar RS-485 interface to the D+ and D- of the device RS-485 interface.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Application Mode** .
2. Select **Application Mode** as **RS-485 Radar**.

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Application Mode

Application Mode: RS-485 Radar

Work Mode:

Violation Detection Configuration

Seatbelt Unbuckled 1

Phone Call 1

Scene and Mode Configuration

Capture Mode: Flash Strobe

Lane

Total Lanes: 3

Lane1	Lane2	Lane3																		
<p>Linked Lane No.(Also for Overlay): 1</p> <p>Lane Direction: Unknown</p> <p>Lane Type: Normal Lane</p> <p>Lane Property: Other</p> <p>Capture: <input type="checkbox"/> Emergency Lane Occup... <input type="checkbox"/> Enable Low-Speed Drivi... <input type="checkbox"/> Speeding Capture</p> <p>Capture Pictures: 1</p> <p>Capture Interval: <input checked="" type="radio"/> Time <input type="radio"/> Distance</p> <p>Capture Interval(ms): 0 - 0 - 0 - 0</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Vehicle Type</th> <th>Ultra-Low</th> <th>Min. Speed</th> <th>Speed Sign</th> <th>Speed Limit</th> <th>Ultra-High</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Small Car</td> <td>0</td> <td>30</td> <td>70</td> <td>80</td> <td>180</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Big Car</td> <td>0</td> <td>20</td> <td>70</td> <td>80</td> <td>180</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Capture Speed(km/h): 0</p> <p>Linkage Output: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> F1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> F2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> F3 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> F4 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> F5 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> F6 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> F7</p> <p>Radar Type: Multi-Lane Radar</p> <p>Linkage RS-485 No.: RS-485 Port 1</p> <p>Linearity Correction: 1.0</p> <p>Constant Correction: 0</p> <p>Copy to: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lane1 <input type="checkbox"/> Lane2 <input type="checkbox"/> Lane3</p>	Vehicle Type	Ultra-Low	Min. Speed	Speed Sign	Speed Limit	Ultra-High	Small Car	0	30	70	80	180	Big Car	0	20	70	80	180		
Vehicle Type	Ultra-Low	Min. Speed	Speed Sign	Speed Limit	Ultra-High															
Small Car	0	30	70	80	180															
Big Car	0	20	70	80	180															

Figure 1-3 Set RS-485 Radar

3. **Optional:** Select the violation type(s) to be detected, and set the corresponding parameters. Refer to **Set Violation and Incident Detection** for details.
4. Set scene and mode parameters. Refer to **Set Scene and Mode** for details.
5. Set the lane parameters. Refer to **Set Linked Lane Parameters** for details.
6. Set continuous capture parameters. Refer to **Set Continuous Capture Parameters** for details.
7. Set speed limit parameters. Refer to **Set Lane Speed Limit Parameters** for details.
8. Link supplement light(s) to the specific lane(s). Refer to **Set Supplement Light Linkage** for details.
9. Set radar parameters. Refer to **Set Radar Parameters** for details.
10. **Optional:** Check the other lane(s) to copy the same settings.
11. Draw lane lines.
 - 1) Click **Draw Lane Line**.

 **Note**

The system will capture a picture and use it as the background. You can also check **Video Background** to use the live view as the background.

- 2) Select the default lane lines and right border line, and drag the two end points of the line or drag the whole line to adjust its position according to the actual scene.
- 3) Click **OK**.

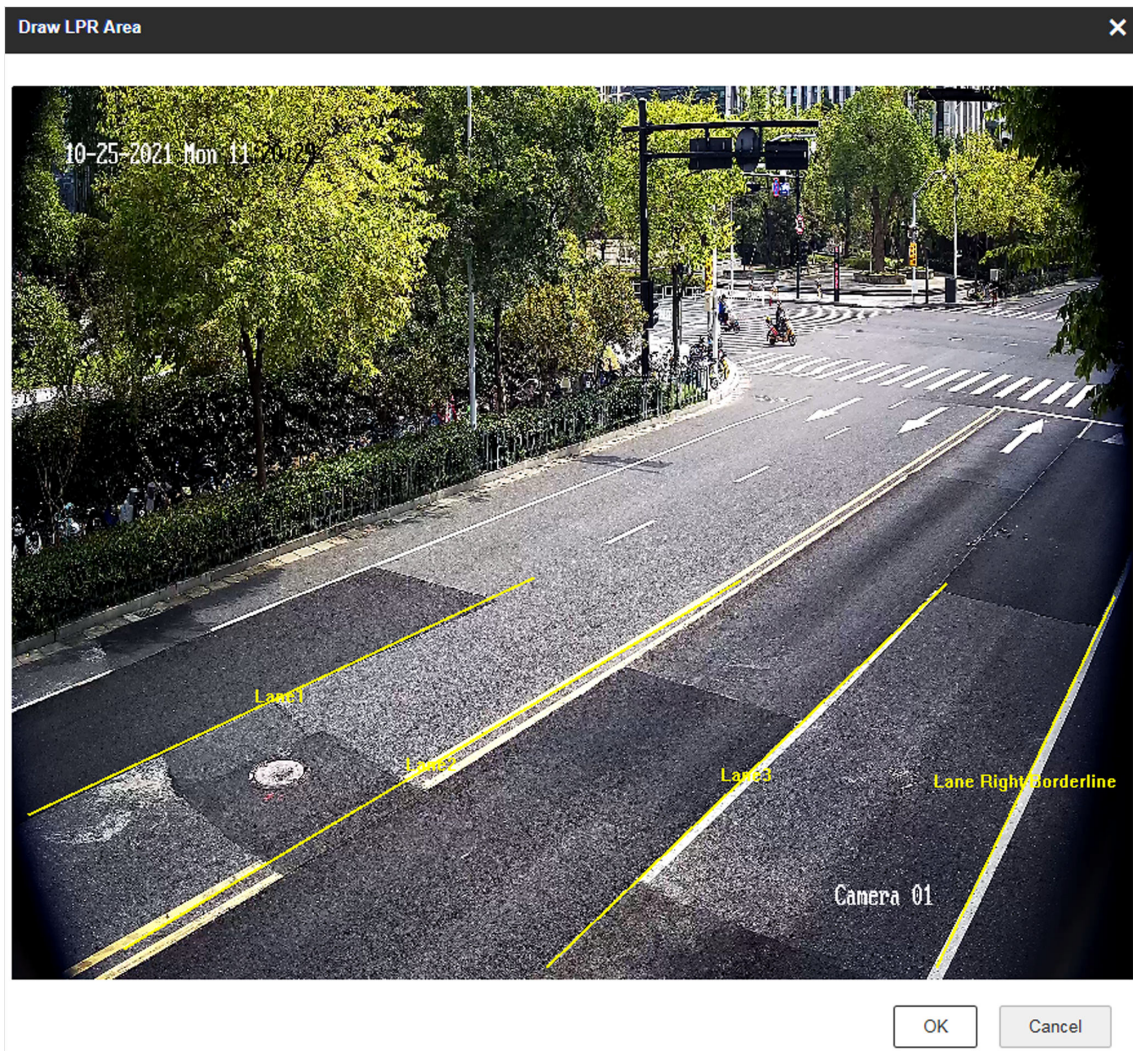


Figure 1-4 Draw Lane Line

12. Click **Save**.

1.1.3 Set Mixed-Traffic Lane

Set mix-traffic lane if capture is triggered by virtual coils (video or radar detection). In this mode, the information including the vehicle speed, vehicle passing time, vehicle overview, license plate number, license plate color, vehicle color, the facial features of the driver and the front passenger, etc. will be recorded.

Before You Start

- Install the radar if speed detection is needed.
- Connect the D+ and D- of the radar RS-485 interface to the D+ and D- of the device RS-485 interface.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Capture → Application Mode**.
2. Select **Application Mode** as **Mixed-Traffic Lane**.

Application Mode

Application Mode: Mixed-Traffic Lane

Work Mode: Mixed-Traffic Lane

Violation Detection Configuration

Checkpoint: 1

Speeding: 2

Driving on the Lane Line: 2

Lane Change: 2

Seatbelt Unbuckled: 2

Manned Non-Motor Vehicle: 2

Wrong-Way Driving: 2

Low-Speed: 2

Prohibition Violation: 2

Phone Call: 2

Without Helmet: 2

Capture Interval: Time Distance

Capture Interval(ms): 100 - 100

Scene and Mode Configuration

Scene Mode: City Street

Capture Type: Motor Vehicle, Non-Motor Vehicle

Capture Mode: Flash Strobe

Speed Detection Mode: N/A Radar Video

Lane

Total Lanes: 3

Lane1 | **Lane2** | **Lane3**

Lane No.: 1

Linked Lane No.: 1

Lane Direction: Unknown

Lane Type: Normal Lane

Lane Property: Other

Direction: From Top to Bottom From Bottom to Top

Recording Start Time: 2

Violation Recording:

Vehicle Type	Ultra-Low	Min. Speed	Speed Sign	Speed Limit	Ultra-High
Small Car	0	30	70	80	180
Other Car	0	30	70	80	180

Recognition Area

Draw Lane Line Video Background Display All Areas

Figure 1-5 Set Mixed-Traffic Lane

3. **Optional:** Select the violation type(s) to be detected, and set the corresponding parameters. Refer to **Set Violation and Incident Detection** for details.
4. Set continuous capture parameters. Refer to **Set Continuous Capture Parameters** for details.
5. Set scene and mode parameters. Refer to **Set Scene and Mode** for details.
6. Set the lane parameters. Refer to **Set Linked Lane Parameters** for details.
7. **Optional:** Set violation recording parameters. Refer to **Set Violation Recording Parameters** for details.
8. Set speed limit parameters. Refer to **Set Lane Speed Limit Parameters** for details.
9. Link supplement light(s) to the specific lane(s). Refer to **Set Supplement Light Linkage** for details.
10. Set radar parameters. Refer to **Set Radar Parameters** for details.
11. **Optional:** Check the other lane(s) to copy the same settings.
12. Draw lane lines.
 - 1) Click **Draw Lane Line**.

- 2) Set the property of the lane lines.
- 3) Select the default lane lines, right border line, and trigger line, and drag the two end points of the line or drag the whole line to adjust its position according to the actual scene.
- 4) Click **OK**.

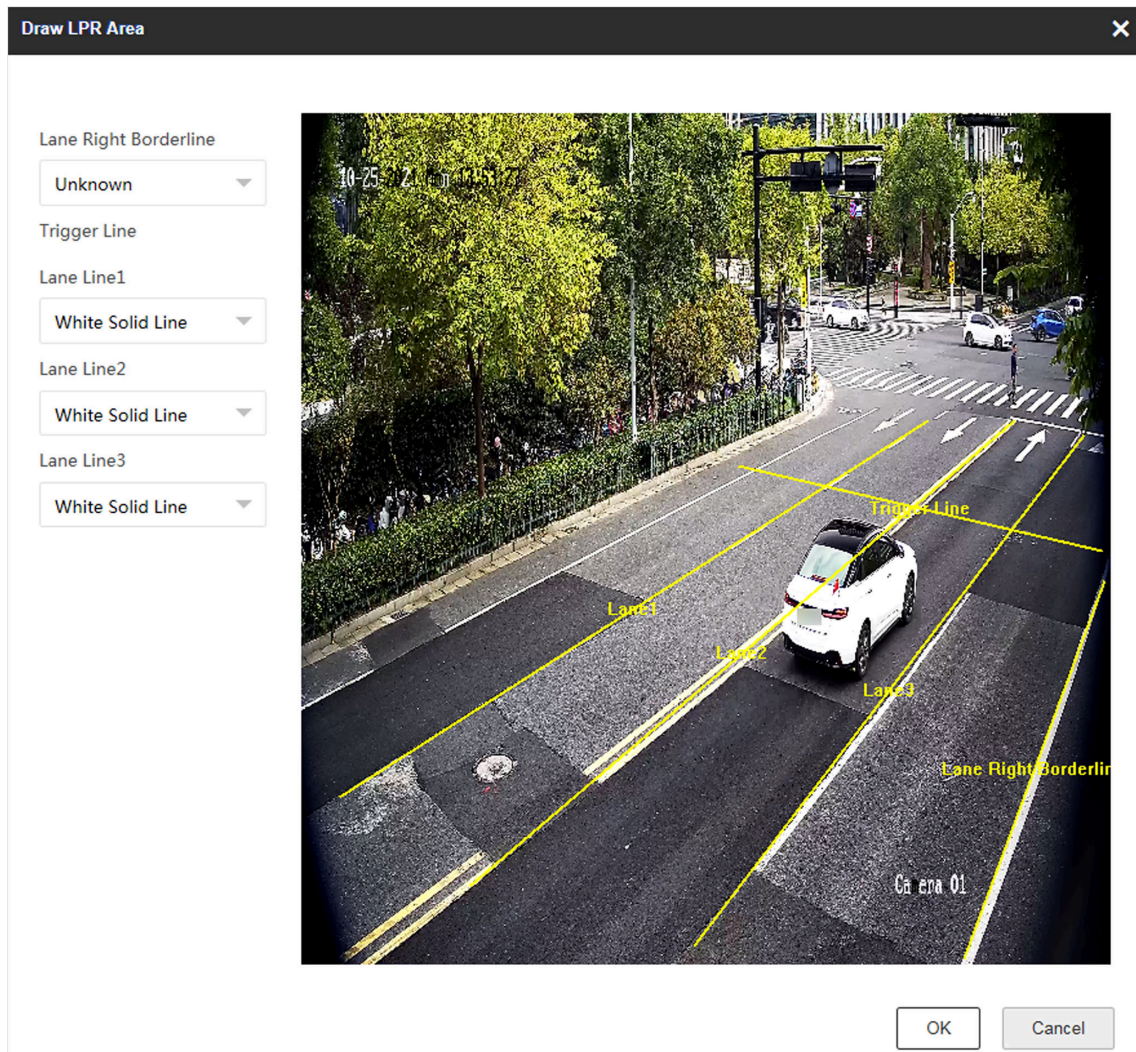


Figure 1-6 Draw Lane Line

13. Click **Save**.

1.2 Set Intersection Violation System Capture

Set video analysis intersection violation system if capture is triggered by virtual coils. In this mode, the information including the violation information, vehicle passing time, vehicle overview, license plate number, license plate color, vehicle color, etc. will be recorded.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Application Mode** .
2. Select **Application Mode** as **Video Analysis E-Police**.

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Application Mode

Application Mode: Video Analysis E-Police

Work Mode:

Violation Detection Configuration

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Checkpoint	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not Following Directional Sign	3
<input type="checkbox"/> Lane Change	2
<input type="checkbox"/> Wrong-Way Driving	2
<input type="checkbox"/> Stop Vehicle on Intersection	3
<input type="checkbox"/> Red Light Running	3
<input type="checkbox"/> Driving on the Lane Line	2
<input type="checkbox"/> Speeding	2
<input type="checkbox"/> Without Helmet	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> U-Turn	3
<input type="checkbox"/> Yellow Box Junction Violation	3
<input type="checkbox"/> Failing to Yield for Pedestrians	3
<input type="checkbox"/> Manned Non-Motor Vehicle	2

Capture Interval: Time Distance

Capture Interval(ms): 100

Enabling Red Light Delay Frame: 0

Detection Mode Settings

Capture Type: Motor Vehicle

Speed Detection Mode: N/A Radar

Lane

Total Lanes: 3

	Lane1	Lane2	Lane3												
Linked Lane No.	1														
Lane Direction	Unknown														
Lane Type	Normal Lane														
Direction	Right Turn + Right Turn + Straight														
Recording Start Time	2														
Violation Recording	<input type="checkbox"/>														
Speed(km/h)	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Vehicle Type</th> <th>Speed Sign</th> <th>Speed Limit</th> <th>Ultra-High</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Small Car</td> <td>70</td> <td>80</td> <td>180</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Big Car</td> <td>70</td> <td>80</td> <td>180</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Vehicle Type	Speed Sign	Speed Limit	Ultra-High	Small Car	70	80	180	Big Car	70	80	180
Vehicle Type	Speed Sign	Speed Limit	Ultra-High												
Small Car	70	80	180												
Big Car	70	80	180												
Enable Positioning Frame	<input type="checkbox"/>														
Positioning Frame Size	Small														
Copy to	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lane1 <input type="checkbox"/> Lane2 <input type="checkbox"/> Lane3														

Traffic Light

Traffic Light Signal Input: RS-485

Traffic Light Signal	Linked Red Light Channel	Yellow Light Related Channel No.
Left	1	4
Straight	2	5
Right	3	6

Figure 1-7 Set Intersection Violation System Capture

3. **Optional:** Select the violation type(s) to be detected, and set the corresponding parameters. Refer to **Set Violation and Incident Detection** for details.
4. Set continuous capture parameters. Refer to **Set Continuous Capture Parameters** for details.
5. Set **Capture Type** and **Speed Detection Mode**. Refer to **Set Scene and Mode** for details.
6. Set the lane parameters. Refer to **Set Linked Lane Parameters** for details.
7. Set violation recording parameters. Refer to **Set Violation Recording Parameters** for details.
8. Set speed limit parameters. Refer to **Set Lane Speed Limit Parameters** for details.
9. Check **Enable Positioning Frame**, and set **Positioning Frame Size**.
The positioning frames of vehicle bodies and license plates will be overlaid on the captured pictures.
10. **Optional:** Check the other lane(s) to copy the same settings.
11. Set traffic light detection. Refer to **Set Traffic Light Detection Parameters** for details.
12. Draw the lane lines and other lines.
 - 1) Click **Draw Lane Line**.

 **Note**

The system will capture a picture and use it as the background. You can also check **Video Background** to use the live view as the background.

- 2) Set the property of the lane lines.
- 3) Select **Stop Line**, **Borderline of Turning Left**, **Borderline of Turning Right**, or **Trigger Line of Going Straight** according to the actual scene.
- 4) Select the default lane lines and other lines, and drag the two end points of the line or drag the whole line to adjust its position according to the actual scene.
- 5) Click **OK**.

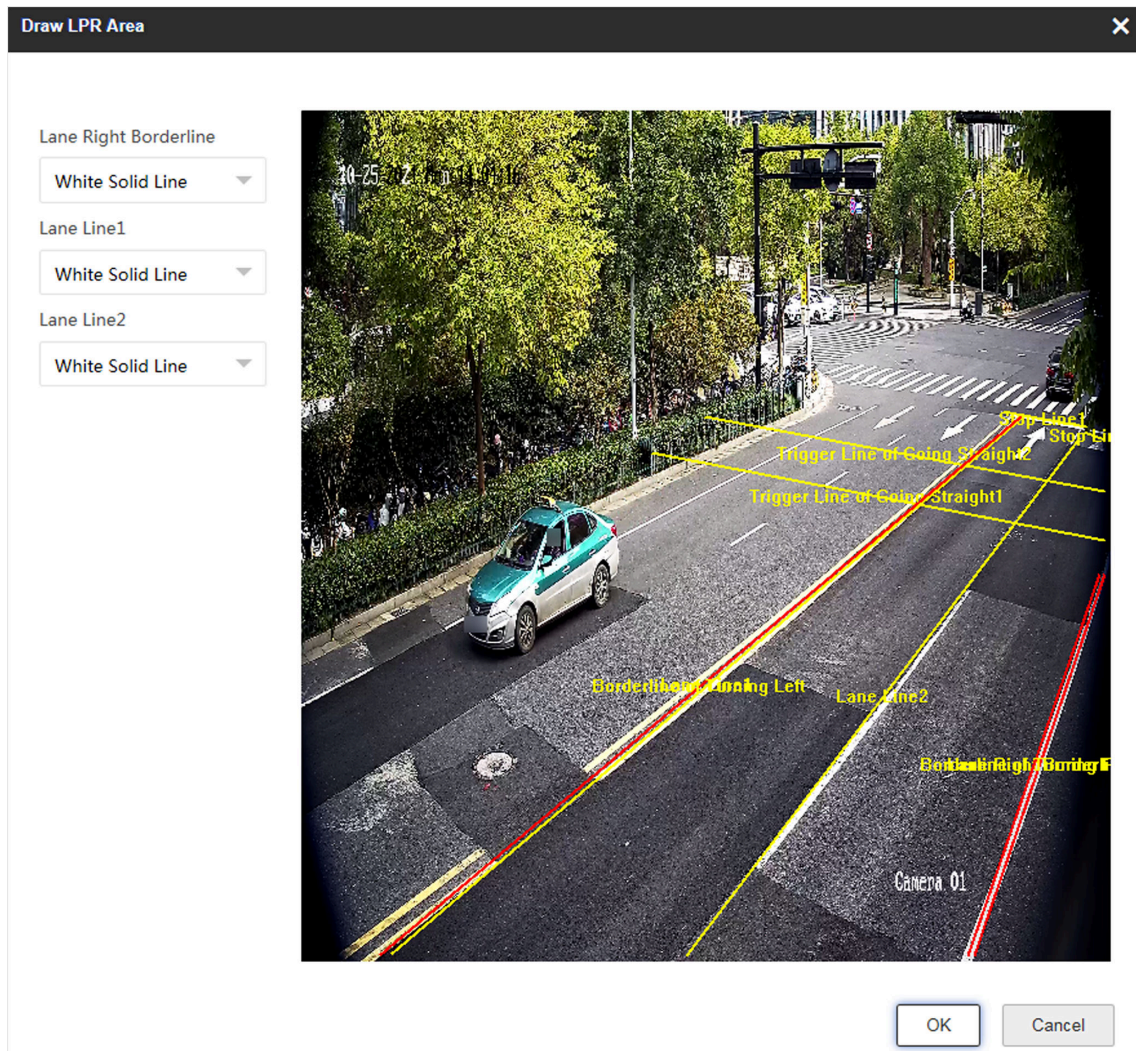


Figure 1-8 Draw Lane Line

13. Click **Save**.

1.3 Set Smart Monitoring Capture

The smart monitoring mode supports capturing motor vehicles, non-motor vehicles, and pedestrians via video triggering.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Application Mode** .
2. Select **Application Mode** as **Smart Mode**.

Application Mode

Application Mode

Work Mode: **Smart Mode**

Smart Mode

Capture Type

Capture Pictures

Capture Interval(ms)

Lane

Total Lanes

Lane1 Lane2

Lane Direction

Direction

Linked Lane No.

Copy to Lane1 Lane2

Figure 1-9 Set Smart Monitoring Capture

3. Set smart mode parameters.

Capture Type

Motor Vehicle, Non-Motor Vehicle, and Pedestrian

The motor vehicles, non-motor vehicles, and pedestrians in the scene will be recognized and captured.

Motor Vehicle and Non-Motor Vehicle

The motor vehicles and non-motor vehicles in the scene will be recognized and captured.

Motor Vehicle

Only the motor vehicles in the scene will be recognized and captured.

Capture Pictures

The number of captured picture(s).

Capture Interval

The time between the adjacent captures.

4. Set continuous capture parameters. Refer to ***Set Continuous Capture Parameters*** for details.
5. Set the lane parameters. Refer to ***Set Linked Lane Parameters*** for details.
6. **Optional:** Check the other lane(s) to copy the same settings.
7. Draw lane lines.
 - 1) Click **Draw Lane Line**.



Note

The system will capture a picture and use it as the background. You can also check **Video Background** to use the live view as the background.

- 2) Select the default lane lines, trigger line, and right border line, and drag the two end points of the line or drag the whole line to adjust its position according to the actual scene.
- 3) **Optional:** Click **Redraw Lane Line** to redraw the lines.
- 4) Click **OK**.

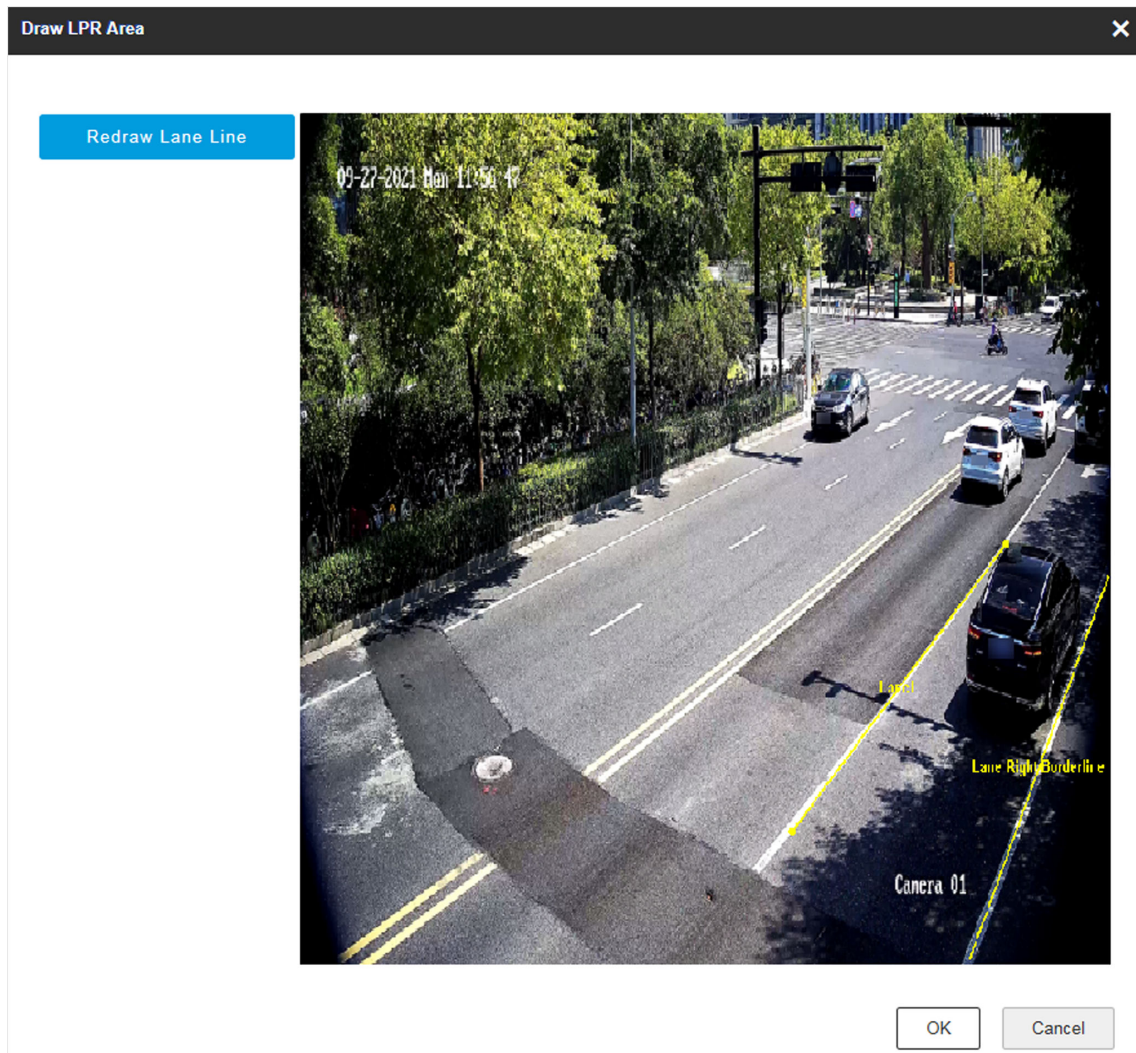


Figure 1-10 Draw Lane Line

8. Click **Save**.

1.4 Set License Plate Recognition System Capture

If you want to trigger capture of the passing vehicles and recognize the license plate numbers, set license plate recognition system capture.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Application Mode** .
2. Select **Application Mode** as **License Plate Recognition System**.

The screenshot shows a configuration interface for a License Plate Recognition System. It is divided into three main sections: Application Mode, License Plate Recognition System Mode, and Lane configuration.

- Application Mode:** A dropdown menu is set to "License Plate Recognition System". Below it, a "Work Mode" indicator is shown as a blue bar.
- License Plate Recognition System Mode:** Contains two dropdown menus: "Trigger Type" is set to "I/O Coil" and "Picture Type" is set to "Scene Picture".
- Lane:** A section titled "Lane" with a sub-label "Lane1" (underlined in blue). It contains several configuration options:
 - "Total Lanes" dropdown set to "1".
 - "Lane Direction" dropdown set to "Unknown".
 - "Linked Lane No." text input field containing "1".
 - "I/O Trigger Default Status" dropdown set to "Falling Edge".
 - "Linked I/O No." dropdown set to "IO1".

Figure 1-11 Set License Plate Recognition System

3. Select Trigger Type.

Video Detection

The passing vehicles will be recognized via videos. The capture mode is recommended as **Strobe Light Mode**.

I/O Coil

Select it when the device has been connected to I/O signal.

 **Note**

The trigger types vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

4. Select Picture Type.

Scene Picture

Only one passing vehicle picture will be output.

Scene Picture + Close-up Picture

One passing vehicle picture and one close-up picture will be output.

5. Set the lane parameters. Refer to ***Set Linked Lane Parameters*** for details.
6. Set other parameters according to the selected trigger type.

I/O Trigger Default Status

Capture is triggered according to the level signal status. If you select **Falling Edge**, the device will trigger capture at the moment that the high level falls to low level. If you select **Rising Edge**, the device will trigger capture at the moment that the low level rises to high level.

Linked I/O No.

When the coil detects that there is a vehicle passing, a rising or falling edge signal is sent to the linked I/O of the device to trigger capture.

7. Draw lane lines.
 - 1) Click **Draw Lane Line**.



The system will capture a picture and use it as the background. You can also check **Video Background** to use the live view as the background.

- 2) Select the default lane line and right border line, and drag the two end points of the line or drag the whole line to adjust its position according to the actual scene.
- 3) Click **OK**.



It is recommended to draw the trigger line at the position which is 1/3 to 1/4 of the lane line. The license plate pixel should be between 120 to 180 at the capture position.



Figure 1-12 Draw Lane Line

8. Click **Save**.

1.5 Set Data Collection

The device supports to detect the traffic flow, POS, and other information.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Application Mode** .
2. Select **Application Mode** as **Event Detection**.
3. Click **Data Collection**.

Application Mode

Application Mode:

Work Mode: **Event Detection**

Data Collection: Data Collection Event Detection

Upload Data

Upload Real-Time Data:

Upload Statistic Data:

Statistic Interval (min):

Protocol Type:

Feature Information:

X Position:

Y Position:

Information Type: Lane No. Traffic Average Speed Traffic State Lane Queue Length Time Interval of Vehicle Head (ms)
 Headway Distance Lane Space Occupancy Lane Time Occupancy

Lane

Total Lanes:

Lane1: Enable Lane POS Linked Lane No. Direction: Lane Direction: Copy to: Lane1 Lane2 Lane3

Figure 1-13 Set Data Collection

4. Select the data upload mode.

Upload Real-Time Data

The device will upload the collected data to the server in real time.

Upload Statistics Data

The device will upload the collected data to the server according to the set interval.

5. Select Protocol Type.

Unicoil

One coil for each lane.

6. Enable POS information.

1) Check **Feature Information**.

2) Enter **X Position**, and **Y Position**, of the POS information overlaid on the live view image.

3) Check the POS information to overlay on the live view image.

7. Set the lane parameters.

1) Select **Total Lanes**.

2) Click the lane No.

3) Check **Enable Lane POS** to enable the POS information collection of the lane.

- 4) Enter **Linked Lane No.**
 - 5) Select **Direction** and **Lane Direction**.
 - 6) **Optional:** Check lane(s) to copy the parameters of the current lane to other lane(s).
8. Draw lane lines and virtual coil areas.
- 1) Click **Draw Area**.
 - 2) Select the lane.
 - 3) Select the default lane lines and right border line, and drag the two end points of the line or drag the whole line to adjust its position according to the actual scene.
 - 4) **Optional:** Click **Draw Lane Line** to restore to the default drawing.
 - 5) Click **Draw Virtual Coil A** to draw the virtual coil areas.



Note

- Click the left button of the mouse to locate the vertexes of the virtual coil area on the live view image, and click the right button of the mouse to finish the drawing.
 - It is recommended to draw the virtual coil A at the position the distance from which to the image lower edge is the length of two vehicles.
-
- 6) Select the area to draw and click **Draw Area**. Click the left button of the mouse to draw a rectangular or polygonal frame, and then click the right button of the mouse to save the area.
 - 7) **Optional:** Click **Draw Area** to delete the current area.
 - 8) Click **OK**.

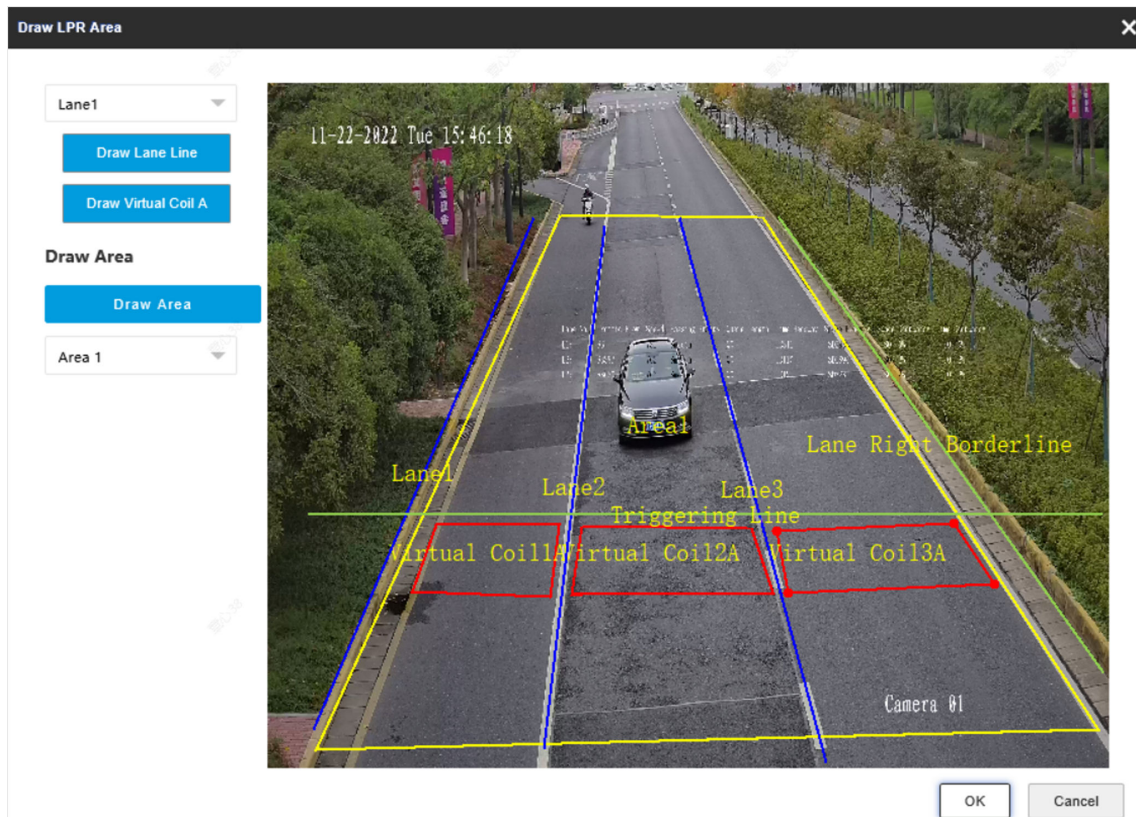


Figure 1-14 Draw Lane Lines

9. Click **Save**.

1.6 Set Event Detection

The device supports to capture various traffic events.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Capture → Application Mode**.
2. Select **Application Mode** as **Event Detection**.
3. Click **Event Detection**.

Figure 1-15 Set Event Detection

4. Set **Scene Mode** according to the actual conditions.
5. Set the capture parameters.

Radar Track

The radar track of the target will be overlaid on the captured pictures.

Close Range Capture

Check it and set **Capture Interval**. The device will track the target until one more picture is captured in close distance according to the capture interval.

6. **Optional:** Select the violation type(s) to be detected, and set the corresponding parameters. Refer to **Set Violation and Incident Detection** for details.
7. Set the lane parameters. Refer to **Set Linked Lane Parameters** for details.
8. **Optional:** Check the other external input channel(s) to copy the same settings.
9. Draw lane lines.
 - 1) Click **Draw Lane Line**.
 - 2) Select the lane.
 - 3) Set **Lane Type** and **Right Border Line Type**.
 - 4) Select the default lane lines, right border line, and trigger line, and drag the two end points of the line or drag the whole line to adjust its position according to the actual scene.

- 5) **Optional:** Click **Draw Lane Line** to restore to the default drawing.
- 6) Select area and click **Draw Area**. Click the left button of the mouse to draw a rectangular or polygonal frame, and then click the right button of the mouse to save the area.
- 7) **Optional:** Click **Draw Area** to delete the current area.
- 8) Click **OK**.

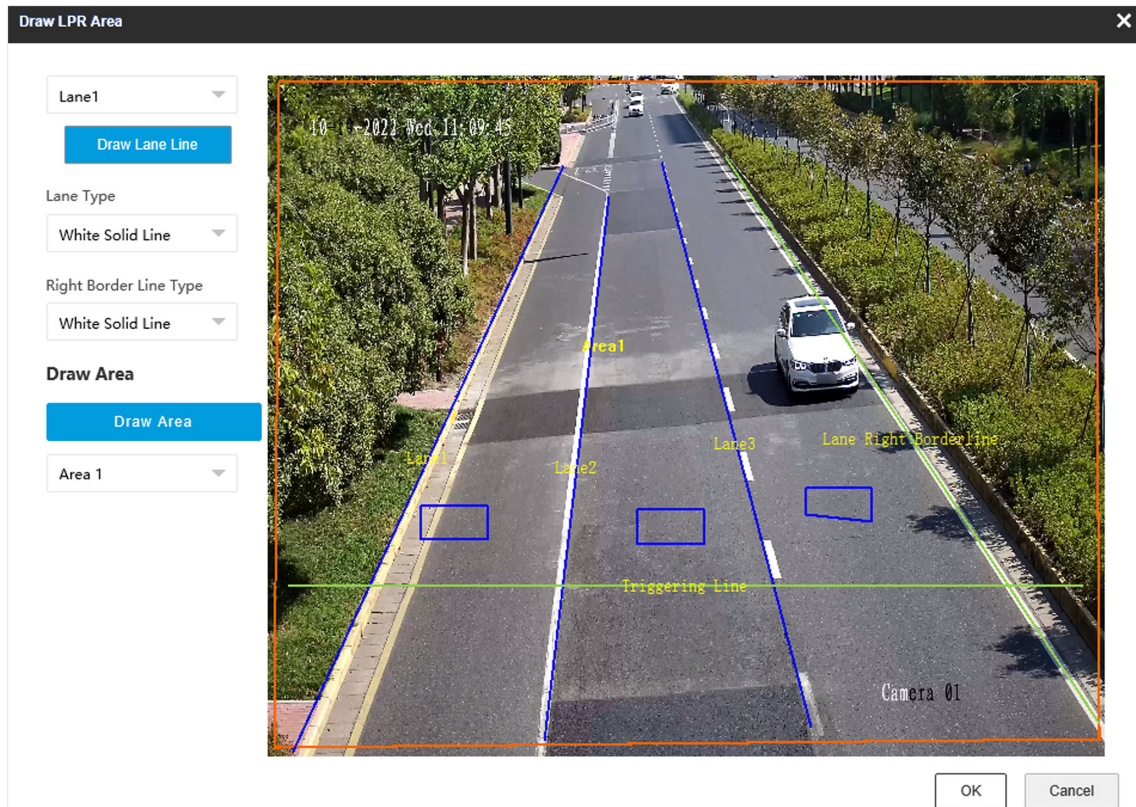


Figure 1-16 Draw Lane Line

10. Click **Save**.

1.7 Set Application Mode Detailed Parameters

1.7.1 Set Violation and Incident Detection

The device supports different violation types detection. You can select the violation type(s) to be detected under different application modes, and set the corresponding parameters.

Steps


Note

- Not all the application modes support violation detection.
- The violation and incident detection types vary with different models. The actual device prevails.
- If the device supports setting associated masked area, you can check corresponding area and then events occur in those areas will not be detected.

1. Go to **Configuration → Capture → Application Mode** .
2. Select **Application Mode**.
3. Select the violation type(s) to be detected according to the actual needs.

Table 1-1 Violation Detection Types Description


Violation Detection Type	Description
Seatbelt Unbuckled	The driver of a motor vehicle does not buckle the seatbelt during driving. Check it and select the number of captured picture(s).
Phone Call	The driver of a motor vehicle uses the mobile phone to make or receive calls during driving. Check it and select the number of captured picture(s).
Checkpoint	Check it and select the number of captured picture(s).
Speeding	The motor vehicle is driven in the speed larger than the max. speed limit of the lane. Check it and select the number of captured picture(s). Click Draw Lane Line to adjust the measuring lines. Set Vehicle Speed Threshold and Actual Distance Between Measuring Lines according to the actual needs.
Driving on the Lane Line	The motor vehicle is driven out of the lane and over the solid lane line. Check it, select the number of captured picture(s), and set the sensitivity.
Lane Change	Most part of the vehicle body crosses over the lane line and enters into another lane. Check it and select the number of captured picture(s).
Manned Non-Motor Vehicle	The non-motor vehicle carries a person illegally. Check it and select the number of captured picture(s).
Wrong-Way Driving	The vehicle is driven in the direction opposite to the guidance direction of the lane. Check it and select the number of captured picture(s).
Low-Speed Driving	The motor vehicle is driven in the speed lower than the min. speed limit of the lane. Check it and select the number of captured picture(s). Click Draw Lane Line to adjust the measuring lines. Set Vehicle Speed

Violation Detection Type	Description
	Threshold and Actual Distance Between Measuring Lines according to the actual needs.
Prohibition Violation	<p>Left-turn violation, right-turn violation, emergency lane occupation, large-sized vehicle passing violation, bus lane occupation, etc. Check it and select the number of captured picture(s).</p> <p> Note</p> <p>If Prohibition Violation is enabled, and Lane Type is set as Highway Emergency Lane, the violation of occupying emergency lane will be captured.</p>
Not Following Directional Sign	The moving direction of the motor vehicle is not consistent with the guidance direction at the intersection. Check it and select the number of captured picture(s).
Stop Vehicle on Intersection	<p>It refers to the violation behavior that when the vehicle is waiting for the red light at intersection, it crosses over the stop line and stops at the intersection. Check it and set the dwell time and sensitivity.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dwell Time: If the vehicle stops at the intersection for more than the dwell time, capture will be triggered. • Stopping Sensitivity: It is used to judge if the vehicle is in the stopping status. If the displacement of the vehicle is smaller than the set sensitivity, then the vehicle is regarded as stopping at the intersection.
Red Light Running	<p>Check it, select the number of captured picture(s), and set the parameters below.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prior Capture Event: If you select Red Light Running, the violation will be captured in priority when other violations are also detected. • Analysis Rule: You can enable video analysis by direction or lane, and draw the corresponding trigger line. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ By Direction: Red light running is judged by the corresponding traffic light status gotten according to the driven direction of the target vehicle. For example, when the vehicle is driven straight when passing through the intersection, if the straight traffic light is always red during the process of passing through the intersection, then the vehicle is judged as running the red light. ◦ By Lane: Red light running is judged by the corresponding traffic light status gotten according to the lane direction on which the target vehicle is driven. For example, when the vehicle is driven on the left-turn lane at the intersection, if the left-turn traffic light is

Violation Detection Type	Description
	<p>always red during the process of turning left at the intersection, then the vehicle is judged as running the red light.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Capture Position of First Picture: The vehicle position of the firstly captured picture. • Distance to Stop Line: The offset pixel of the second captured picture of the vehicle running the red light to the stop line. • Offset for Third Capture: The min. offset pixel of the third captured picture of the vehicle running the red light to the second captured picture. It is recommended to remain the default value. • Enabling Red Light Delay Frame: Due to the gotten traffic light status is not consistent with the actual status, the vehicles running when the light is yellow may be captured as running the red light. Set the delay frame, then the captured pictures of running the red light during the set frame will be regarded as invalid.
U-Turn	The motor vehicle makes a U-turn at the intersection where U-turn or left turn is forbidden.
Yellow Box Junction Violation	<p>The motor vehicle stops at the yellow box junction where parking is forbidden.</p> <p>Check it and set the parameters. When the vehicle parks at the lane, and the parking duration exceeds the set Dwell Time, capture will be triggered. When the congestion caused by the illegal parking exceeds the set Congestion Threshold, the lane is regarded as congested.</p>
Failing to Yield for Pedestrians	<p>The motor vehicle does not yield for the pedestrians or let them go first. Check it to enable the violation capture of not yielding to pedestrian. Click Draw Lane Line to adjust the upper and lower border of triggering lines of not yielding to pedestrian. Set the corresponding parameters.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No Displacement Capture of Pedestrian: If you check it, when the pedestrian is standing still and the vehicle is passing by, it is regarded as not yielding to pedestrian, and capture will be triggered. If you do not check it, only when the pedestrian is moving and the vehicle is passing by, it is regarded as not yielding to pedestrian, and capture will be triggered. • Not Yielding to Non-Motor Vehicle Capture: Check it to enable the violation capture of not yielding to non-motor vehicles. • Camera Location: If the camera is installed at the intersection, the device can judge the intersection condition according to the traffic light connected via the RS-485 serial port.

Violation Detection Type	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sensitivity: The higher the sensitivity is, the more easily the violation will be captured. • Number of Pedestrian Not Yielded to: When the number of pedestrians not yielded to reaches the set value, capture will be triggered. • Capture Position Control Ratio: When the length of the target vehicle body beyond the stop line exceeds the ratio, the vehicle is regarded as failing to yield for pedestrians, and capture will be triggered. • Pedestrian Detection Area Type: Select the type according to the actual scene. • Pedestrian and Vehicle Distance Judgment Mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Distance from Pedestrian to Vehicle Center: The violation of failing to yield for pedestrians is judged according to the distance from the horizontal coordinate of the pedestrian to the horizontal coordinate of the vehicle target center. ◦ Distance from Pedestrian to Lane Center: The violation of failing to yield for pedestrians is judged according to the distance from the horizontal coordinate of the pedestrian to the horizontal coordinate of the lane line center.
Without Helmet	The driver of a non-motor vehicle does not wear the helmet. Check it and select the number of captured picture(s).
Stopped Vehicle	<p>The motor vehicle stops at the positions where parking is forbidden. Check it, select the number of captured picture(s), and set the parameters.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sensitivity: The higher the sensitivity is, the more easily the violation will be captured. • Alarm Interval: The interval between two alarms. • Duration: When the vehicle stops at the positions for more than the set duration, capture will be triggered. • Linked Area: Check the lane area(s) to link to the event.
Congestion	<p>The motor vehicles are queuing and the roads are blocked. Check it and set the corresponding parameters.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sensitivity: The higher the sensitivity is, the more easily the congestion will be captured. • Alarm Interval: The interval between two alarms. • Duration: When the congestion lasts for more than the set duration, capture will be triggered. • Linked Area: Check the lane area(s) to link to the event.

Violation Detection Type	Description
Roadblock	<p>Check it and set the corresponding parameters to detect the roadblock.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sensitivity: The higher the sensitivity is, the more easily the violation will be captured. • Alarm Interval: The interval between two alarms. • Duration: When the event lasts for the set duration, capture will be triggered.
Construction	<p>Check it and set the corresponding parameters to detect the construction.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sensitivity: The higher the sensitivity is, the more easily the violation will be captured. • Alarm Interval: The interval between two alarms. • Duration: When the construction lasts for the set duration, capture will be triggered.
Pedestrian	<p>Check it and set the corresponding parameters to detect pedestrians.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sensitivity: The higher the sensitivity is, the more easily the pedestrian will be captured. • Duration: When the pedestrian stops for the set duration, capture will be triggered. • Pedestrian Type: Select the pedestrian type(s) to be detected according to the actual needs. • Linked Area: Check the lane area(s) to link to the event.
Fallen Object	<p>Throw objects from the window of the motor vehicle. Check it and set the corresponding parameters.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sensitivity: The higher the sensitivity is, the more easily the event will be captured. • Duration: When the event lasts for the set duration, capture will be triggered. • Linked Area: Check the lane area(s) to link to the event.
Smoke	<p>Check it and set the corresponding parameters to detect the smoke on the lane.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sensitivity: The higher the sensitivity is, the more easily the event will be captured. • Alarm Interval: The interval between two alarms. • Duration: When the event lasts for the set duration, capture will be triggered. • Linked Area: Check the lane area(s) to link to the event.

Violation Detection Type	Description
Fire	<p>Check it and set the corresponding parameters to detect the fire on the lane.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sensitivity: The higher the sensitivity is, the more easily the event will be captured. • Alarm Interval: The interval between two alarms. • Duration: When the event lasts for the set duration, capture will be triggered. • Linked Area: Check the lane area(s) to link to the event.
Rapid Deceleration	<p>The motor vehicle is driven in the speed faster than the set threshold. Check it and set the corresponding parameters.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For the device with radar: When the vehicle is driven in the speed faster than the set Vehicle Speed Threshold and Vehicle Acceleration Threshold, and it lasts for the set Duration, capture will be triggered. • For the device without radar: Set Sensitivity and Distance Between 2 Capture Lines. Click Draw Lane Line to adjust the rapid deceleration line. The device will judge the event according to the video. <p> Note The distance between the 2 adjacent lines should be increasing.</p>
Occupied by Animal	Check it to capture animals.

1.7.2 Set Linked Lane Parameters

You can set the properties and parameters of the linked lanes.

Steps

 **Note**

- Not all the application modes support linked lane parameters settings.
- The linked lane parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration → Capture → Application Mode** .
2. Select **Application Mode**.
3. Set lane parameters.

Lane No.

The No. of the selected lane.

Linked Lane No.

The corresponding lane No. linked with the current lane. The lane No. will be overlaid on the captured picture.

Lane Type

If you select **Highway Emergency Lane** or **Truck Forbidden Lane**, set the period.

If you select **Opposite Lane**, the lane direction will be opposite from the current direction.

Total Lanes

The sum of the linked lane(s) under the current application mode.

Lane Direction

The guidance direction of the lane.

Lane Property

Select the lane type for speeding capture. The violation rules vary with different lane types.

Direction (in Mixed-Traffic Lane Mode, Smart Mode, and Event Detection)

The driving direction of the vehicle. If you set the direction as **From Top to Bottom**, then the vehicle will be judged as wrong-way driving if it comes from bottom to top, and vice versa.

Direction (in Video Analysis E-Police Mode)

The vehicles on the selected direction will be detected.

1.7.3 Set Continuous Capture Parameters

Set continuous capture parameters to realize the continuous capture of the violation behaviors.

Steps

Note

- Not all the application modes support continuous capture parameters.
 - The continuous capture parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.
-

1. Go to **Configuration → Capture → Application Mode** .

2. Select **Application Mode**.

3. Set continuous capture parameters.

Capture Pictures

The number of captured picture(s).

Emergency Lane Occupation Capture

Check it to capture emergency lane occupation violation. One more picture will be captured beyond the set number of captured picture(s).

Enable Low Speed Capture

Check it to capture the violation of driving in the speed lower than **Min. Speed**.

Speeding Capture

Check it to capture the speeding violation. One more picture will be captured beyond the set number of captured picture(s).

Capture Interval

Set **Interval (dm)** (the distance between the adjacent captures) if you select **Distance**, and set **Capture Interval (ms)** (the time between the adjacent captures) if you select **Time**.

4. Click **Save**.

1.7.4 Set Scene and Mode

Set the capture type, capture mode, and speed detection mode for the application mode.

Steps



- Not all the application modes support scene mode settings.
- The scene mode parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

-
1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Application Mode** .
 2. Select **Application Mode**.
 3. Select **Scene Mode** according to the actual scene.
 4. Set **Capture Type**.

Motor Vehicle, Non-Motor Vehicle, and Pedestrian

The motor vehicles, non-motor vehicles, and pedestrians in the scene will be recognized and captured.

Motor Vehicle and Non-Motor Vehicle

The motor vehicles and non-motor vehicles in the scene will be recognized and captured.

Motor Vehicle

Only the motor vehicles in the scene will be recognized and captured.

Non-Motor Vehicle

Only the non-motor vehicles in the scene will be recognized and captured.

5. Set **Capture Mode**.

Flash

It adopts the separate exposure, and is applicable to the condition of viewing face pictures clearly at night.



In flash mode, if you enable driving on the lane and lane change detection, the flash light will not on, but captures will be triggered normally.

Strobe

It adopts the frame extracting, and the captured pictures share the same exposure parameters with the video image. It is applicable to the condition of capturing license plates only.

6. Set Speed Detection Mode.

Radar

Speed detection via radar.

Video

Speed detection via video. Click **Calibration** to calibrate speed via video. Refer to **Calibrate Speed via Video** for details.

7. Click Save.

1.7.5 Calibrate Speed via Video

In mixed-traffic lane mode, if you select speed detection mode as video, you need to calibrate speed via video.

Before You Start

In mixed-traffic lane mode, select **Speed Detection Mode as Video**.

Steps

1. Click Calibration.



Figure 1-17 Calibrate Speed via Video

2. Draw the calibration area.

- 1) Select **Calibration Point**.
- 2) Click **Calibration**.

- 3) Click the left button of the mouse to locate the vertexes of the calibration area on the live view image, and click the right button of the mouse to finish the drawing.



The number of vertexes should be consistent with the selected number of **Calibration Point**.

- 4) Drag the vertexes of the calibration area to align it to the lanes.



- If the lanes cannot be aligned, ensure the calibration area can contain the detection area.
- You can refer to the schematic diagram and top view description to draw the calibration area.

- 5) **Optional:** Click **Clear** to clear the drawn calibration area.

3. Measure the world coordinates of the vertexes, and enter the values in the corresponding coordinate text fields.



The origin (0, 0) of the world coordinates locates in the middle of the whole lanes detected by the radar. You can refer to the top view of the diagram for the positions.

4. Enter **Linearity Correction** and **Constant Correction**.

Linearity Correction

Enter the value to adjust the speed detection result via video according to the actual speed.

Constant Correction

The constant correction is to improve the accuracy of the detection speed. It is the extra added/minus speed value.



The final speed is calculated according to the video output speed, the linearity correction, and constant correction together. E.g., the detected speed is 80 km/h, and you set the linearity correction as 1.2, and the constant correction as 5, then the final speed is $80 \text{ km/h} \times 1.2 + 5 = 101 \text{ km/h}$. And if you do not want to make any change to the detected speed, you can set the linearity correction as 1, and the constant correction as 0.

5. **Optional:** Check **Hide Calibration Lines** to hide the lines on the live view image.
6. Click **OK**.

1.7.6 Set Radar Parameters

Set radar parameters for speed detection via radar.

Steps

Note

- Not all the application modes support radar parameters.
 - The radar parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.
-

1. Go to **Configuration → Capture → Application Mode** .
2. Select **Application Mode**.
3. Set the parameters.

Radar Type

Select the connected radar type.

Linkage RS-485 No.

Select the connected RS-485 port No. of the radar.

Radar Efficient Time

If the duration from the time that the radar sends the detected vehicle speed to the device to the time that the device captures the vehicle locates in the efficient time, then the radar detected speed is valid. If not, it is invalid.

Linearity Correction

Adjust the radar output result according to the actual speed.

Constant Correction

The constant correction is to improve the accuracy of the detection speed. It is the extra added/minus speed value.

Note

The final speed is calculated according to the radar output speed, the linearity correction, and constant correction together. E.g., the detected speed is 80 km/h, and you set the linearity correction as 1.2, and the constant correction as 5, then the final speed is $80 \text{ km/h} \times 1.2 + 5 = 101 \text{ km/h}$. And if you do not want to make any change to the detected speed, you can set the linearity correction as 1, and the constant correction as 0.

4. Click **Save**.

1.7.7 Set Violation Recording Parameters

You can enable violation recording and set the parameters.

Steps

Note

- Not all the application modes support violation recording.
 - The violation recording parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.
-

1. Go to **Configuration → Capture → Application Mode** .
2. Select **Application Mode**.
3. Enable **Violation Recording**.
4. Set the violation recording parameters.

Recording Start Time

Select the number of captured picture(s). Record will start after the set number of picture(s) captured.

Pre-record Time

The time before the violation recording starts.

Post-record Time

The time after the violation recording ends.

5. Click **Save**.

1.7.8 Set Supplement Light Linkage

You can link supplement light(s) to the specific lane(s).

Before You Start

Connect the supplement light(s) to the corresponding interface(s) of the device.

Steps

Note

- Not all the application modes support supplement light linkage.
 - The supplement light linkage parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.
-

1. Go to **Configuration → Capture → Application Mode** .
2. Select **Application Mode**.
3. Check the corresponding supplement light triggering output interface(s).
4. Select **Flashlight Mode**.

Simultaneous

The supplement lights of all the lanes will be triggered simultaneously when there is vehicle passing.

Sequential

Only the supplement light of the specific lane will be triggered when there is vehicle passing.

Note

If LED supplement light is adopted, the recognition rate of the vehicle body color cannot be guaranteed at night.

5. Click **Save**.

1.7.9 Set Lane Speed Limit Parameters

Set the speed limit parameters for different types of vehicles.

Steps

Note

- Not all the application modes support lane speed limit parameters.
 - The lane speed limit parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.
-

1. Go to **Configuration → Capture → Application Mode** .
2. Select **Application Mode**.
3. Set the lane speed limit parameters for small-sized and large-sized vehicles.

Abnormal Low Speed

When the detected speed of the vehicle is lower than the value, the detection is regarded as abnormal, and a normal speed will be provided randomly.

Min. Speed

The actual allowed min. speed for the vehicles. When the vehicle speed is lower than the value, low speed capture will be triggered.

Note

The min. speed of large-sized vehicles should be smaller than that of the small-sized vehicles.

Speed Limit Sign

The speed limit on the sign for the vehicles. The value will be overlaid on the captured pictures.

Speed Limit

The actual speed limit for the vehicles. When the vehicle speed exceeds the value, speeding capture will be triggered.

Note

The speed limit of large-sized vehicles should be smaller than that of the small-sized vehicles.

Abnormal Speed Threshold

When the detected speed of the vehicle exceeds the value, the detection is regarded as abnormal, and a normal speed will be provided randomly.

Capture Speed

When the speed of the vehicle on the lane (except the emergency lane) is lower than the set value, no capture will be triggered.

4. Click **Save**.

1.7.10 Set Traffic Light Detection Parameters

Traffic light detection is supported for video analysis intersection violation system.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Application Mode** .

2. Select **Application Mode** as **Video Analysis E-Police**.

3. Select **Traffic Light Signal Input** and set the corresponding parameters.

RS-485 Set **Linked Red Light Channel** and **Yellow Light Related Channel No.** according to the actual wiring.

Video Click **Set** to set the video analysis area.

Analysis Interface

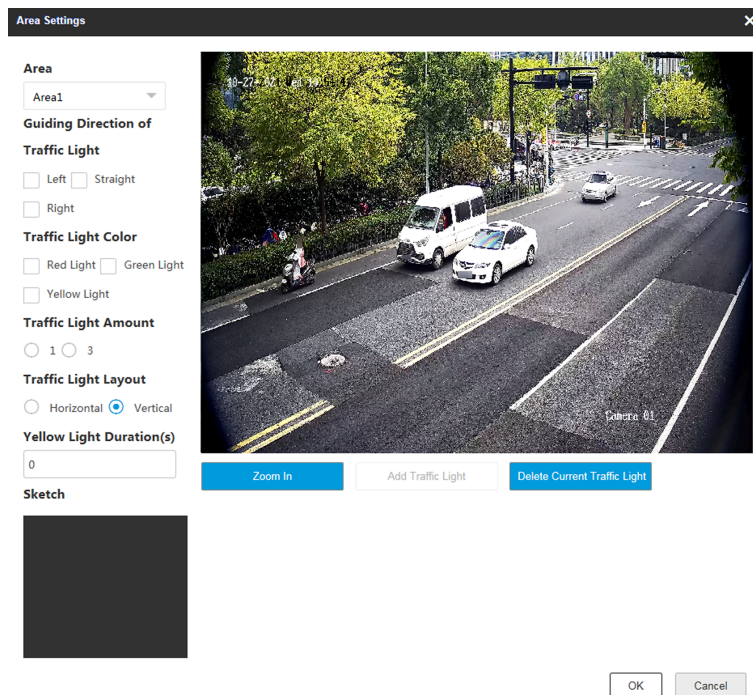


Figure 1-18 Set Video Analysis Area

- a. Select the area.
- b. Set the parameters.
 - **Guiding Direction of Traffic Light:** The direction guided by the traffic light.
 - **Traffic Light Color:** The color of the traffic light.
 - **Traffic Light Amount:** The number of the traffic light(s).
 - **Traffic Light Layout:** The arrangement of the traffic light(s).
- c. Click **Zoom In** to zoom in the live view image.
- d. Click **Add Traffic Light** to add the traffic light.
- e. Drag the four points of the region to adjust the size or drag the whole region to adjust its position according to the actual scene.

- f. Click **Delete Current Traffic Light** to delete the area.
- g. Click **OK**.

You can click **Detect** to test the traffic light.

Network Mode	Set Linked Red Light Channel and Yellow Light Related Channel No. according to the actual wiring.
---------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Note

You can go to **Live View → Traffic Light Status** to view the traffic light status.

4. Click **Save**.

1.8 Set Capture Schedule

You can set the schedule for the violation behavior capture or checkpoint capture if needed.

Steps

Note


The function varies with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration → Capture → Capture Parameters → Capture Schedule** .
2. **Optional:** Check **Violation Priority**.

You can set the priority level of each violation type.

Note

- The function is only valid when **Trigger Mode** is **Mixed-Traffic Lane** or **Video Analysis E-Police**.
 - **0** represents no priority requirement.
-

3. Click  to set the capture schedule according to the actual needs.

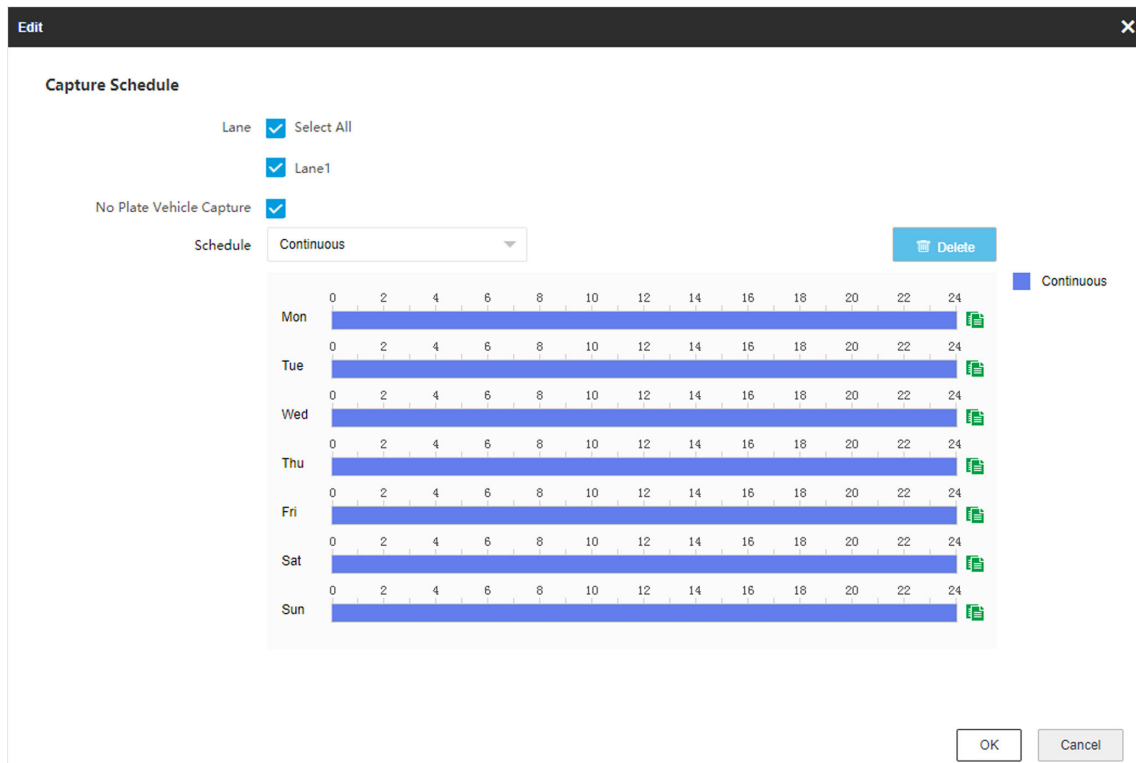



Figure 1-19 Set Capture Schedule

4. Select **Lane**.
5. **Optional:** Check **No Plate Vehicle Capture** according to the actual needs.
6. Adjust the time period.
 - Click on the selected time period, and enter the desired value. Click **Save**.
 - Click on the selected time period. Drag the both ends to adjust the time period.
7. **Optional:** Click  to copy the same settings to other days.
8. Click **OK**.
9. **Optional:** Check **Upload to Mailbox** to email the capture schedule to the user.
10. Click **Save**.

1.9 Set Capture Parameters

1.9.1 Set Captured Image Parameters

Set the parameters of captured images to raise the image quality.

Steps

Note

The function varies with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Capture Images** → **Image Parameters** .

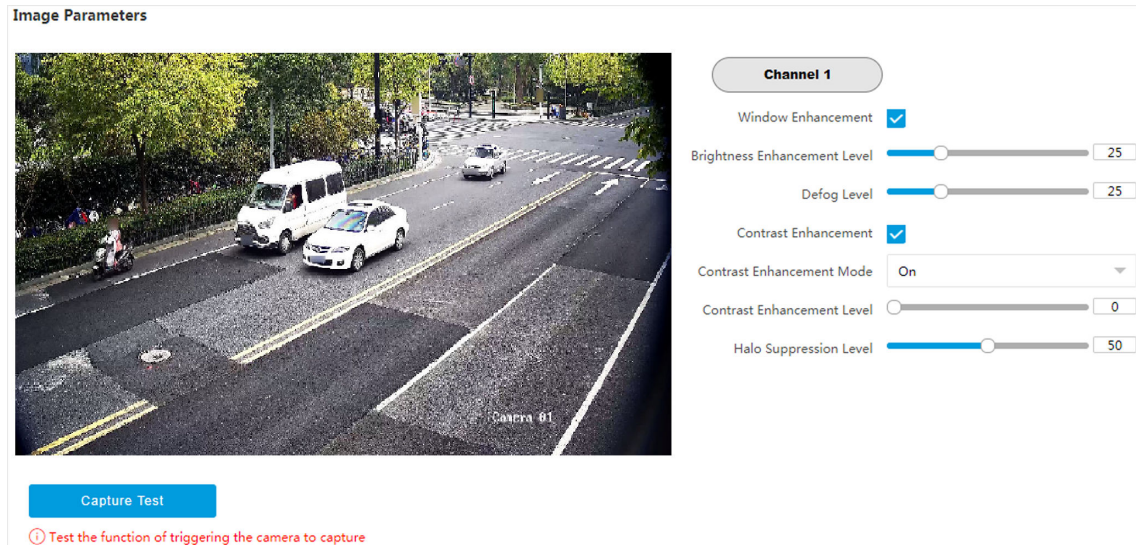


Figure 1-20 Set Captured Image Parameters

2. Set the captured image parameters.

Brightness

It refers to the max. brightness of the image.

Contrast

It refers to the contrast of the image. Set it to adjust the levels and permeability of the image.

Shutter

If the shutter speed is quick, the details of the moving objects can be displayed better. If the shutter speed is slow, the outline of the moving objects will be fuzzy and trailing will appear.

Gain

It refers to the upper limit value of limiting image signal amplification. It is recommended to set a high gain if the illumination is not enough, and set a low gain if the illumination is enough.

Daytime Brightness Enhancement

It refers to the brightness of the image in the daytime. Higher value stands for brighter image.

Window Enhancement

In front light or back light scene, the flash light may not pass through the vehicle window, or the image effect of the window is bad caused by the light. In this condition, you can check

Window Enhancement. The higher the **Brightness Enhancement Level** is, the brighter the window image is. The higher the **Defog Level** is, the better the permeability of the window image is.

White Balance Level

It is the white rendition function of the device used to adjust the color temperature according to the environment.

Contrast Enhancement

Check **Contrast Enhancement** to capture clearer images. Select **Contrast Enhancement Mode**, and set corresponding parameters.

Contrast Enhancement Mode	Description
On	The contrast enhancement mode is always enabled.
Time	The contrast enhancement mode is enabled during the set start time and end time. In other time, it is disabled.
Brightness	The contrast enhancement mode is enabled according to the brightness of the surroundings. In this case, you can set Brightness Level .

Contrast Enhancement Level

The higher the level is, the more the contrast is enhanced.

Halo Suppression Level

Halo suppression is to suppress the halo of the vehicle headlights. The higher the level is, the more the halo is suppressed.

1.9.2 Set License Plate Recognition Parameters

When there are vehicles of different types passing from different directions, set the license plate recognition parameters.

Before You Start

For some models, you need to select **Application Mode** as **License Plate Recognition System**.

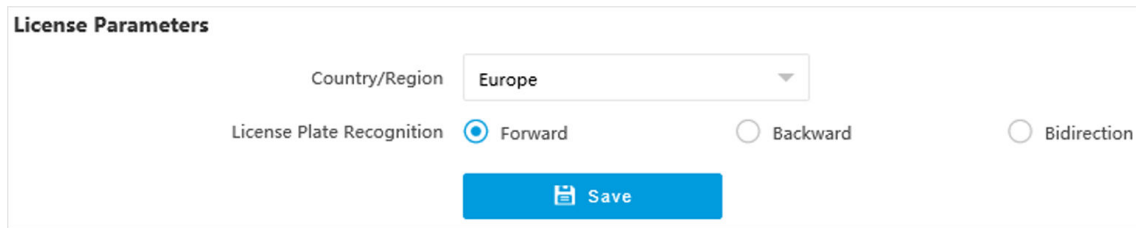
Steps



Note

The supported parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Capture Parameters** → **License Parameters** .



The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "License Parameters". It contains a "Country/Region" dropdown menu currently set to "Europe". Below it, there are three radio buttons for "License Plate Recognition": "Forward" (which is selected), "Backward", and "Bidirection". At the bottom center of the window is a blue "Save" button with a document icon.

Figure 1-21 Set License Plate Recognition Parameters

2. Set **Country/Region** according to the actual needs.
3. Select **License Plate Recognition**.
 - Select **Forward** when license plates of vehicles from the approaching direction need to be recognized.
 - Select **Backward** when license plates of vehicles from the leaving direction need to be recognized.
 - Select **Bidirection** when license plates of vehicles from both the approaching direction and the leaving direction need to be recognized.
4. Click **Save**.

Result

In the mixed-traffic lane and video analysis E-police modes, the vehicle direction is recognized by the algorithm, and corresponding information will be overlaid on the captured pictures. In other modes, the corresponding information will be overlaid on the captured pictures according to the selected license plate recognition direction.

1.9.3 Set Supplement Light Parameters

Supplement light can enhance the image stabilization and adjust the brightness and color temperature.

Steps

Note

- For video intersection violation system mode, only strobe light can be connected, and the I/O effective status should be set as pulse.
- The supported parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

-
1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Capture Parameters** → **Supplement Light Parameters** .

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for the I/O Output Mode of a Network Traffic Camera. The interface is organized into columns labeled F1 through F7. The F1 column is active, showing the following settings:

- I/O Output Mode:** Supplement Light Mode (dropdown menu)
- Usage description:** (empty text field)
- Output in Advance (μ s):** 0 (text field)
- Output Dwell Time (μ s):** 1600 (text field)
- Effective Status:** Pulse (dropdown menu)
- Default Status:** Low (dropdown menu)
- Light Compensation Mode:** Checkpoint and Violation Action
- Enable Mode:** Default , Time Schedule , Environment Bright... , License Plate ...
- Threshold:** 50 (slider and text field)
- Frequency Coefficient:** 2 (text field)
- Duty Ratio(0-40):** 18 (text field)
- Copy to I/O:** F2 , F3 , F4 , F5 , F6 , F7
- Save:** (blue button)

Figure 1-22 Set Supplement Light Parameters

2. Select the I/O and set the supplement light parameters.

I/O Output Mode

Supplement Light Mode

The flash light will be triggered by the signals and output high intensity illumination instantaneously. The light can pass through the windshield and help to capture the details.

Constant Light Mode

The constant light supplements light for the scene.

Output in Advance

It is the preact time [0 to 1000 μ s] of the flash light, to ensure that the flash light is on when capture is triggered.

Output Dwell Time

It is the dwell time [0 to 10000 μ s] after the flash light responds. The actual flash light supplement time is the result of the dwell time minus advanced time.

Effective Status

Select the effective status of the supplement light according to the actual condition.

High/Low

When high/low level signal is output to the supplement light, the light will flash.

The effective status should stay different with the default status for I/O to take effect. And the default status changes according to the selection of the effective status. If you set the effective status as high level, the default level goes to low level.

Pulse

When pulse signal is output to the supplement light, the light will flash.

If you set the effective status as pulse, you can select the default status as high level or low level, and set **Frequency Coefficient** which is the frequency multiplication of 25 of output pulse by flash light, to keep the flash light as constant. You can set it as default value.

Light Compensation Mode

Select **Checkpoint** to enable checkpoint capture light supplement. Select **Violation Action** to enable violation capture light supplement.

Duty Ratio

It is the time occupation of the high level in a certain period. The higher the duty ratio, the brighter the solid light. High duty ratio will cut life span of the solid light.

3. Set the supplement light control mode.
 - Select **Default** to disable the supplement light.
 - Select **Time Schedule** when you want the supplement light to be enabled during a fixed time period. Set the start time and end time.
 - Select **Environment Brightness** when you want the supplement light to be controlled by detecting the surroundings brightness automatically. Set the brightness threshold. The higher the threshold is, the harder the supplement light can be enabled.
 - Select **License Plate Brightness** when you want the supplement light to be enabled according to the license plate brightness automatically. It is valid only when you select **Effective Status** as **Pulse**.

Note

The four modes conflict with each other. You can only enable one mode.

4. **Optional:** Select other I/O(s) to copy the same settings.

5. Click **Save**.

1.9.4 Set Picture Composition

You can enable the picture composition to composite several pictures into one to make it convenient to view the violation captured pictures.

Steps

Note

Functions and parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Capture Parameters** → **Image Encoding and Composition** → **Checkpoint Image Composition/Violation Picture Composition** .

Enable Composition	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
One Picture	N/A
Two Pictures	201
Three Pictures	301
Four Pictures	N/A
Close-up Zooming Ratio	<input type="range" value="2"/>
Close-up Picture No.	1
Plate Close-up Offset(px)	0
Output Close-up Independently	<input type="checkbox"/>

Figure 1-23 Set Picture Composition

2. Check **Enable Composition**.
3. Set composition types for different picture quantities.
4. Set other composition parameters.

Close-up Zooming Ratio

The higher the value is, the larger the close-up is.

Close-up Picture No.

It is the picture where the close-up comes from.

Plate Close-up Offset

The default value is 0, which is recommended to be adopted. The device can capture close-up pictures according to the set offset when no license plate is recognized.

5. **Optional:** Check **Output Close-up Independently** to output close-up pictures independently when the picture composition is not enabled.



Note

Enabling composition and outputting close-up independently functions conflict with each other. You can only enable one.

6. Click **Save**.
-

1.9.5 Set Information Overlay

Set Single Picture Overlay

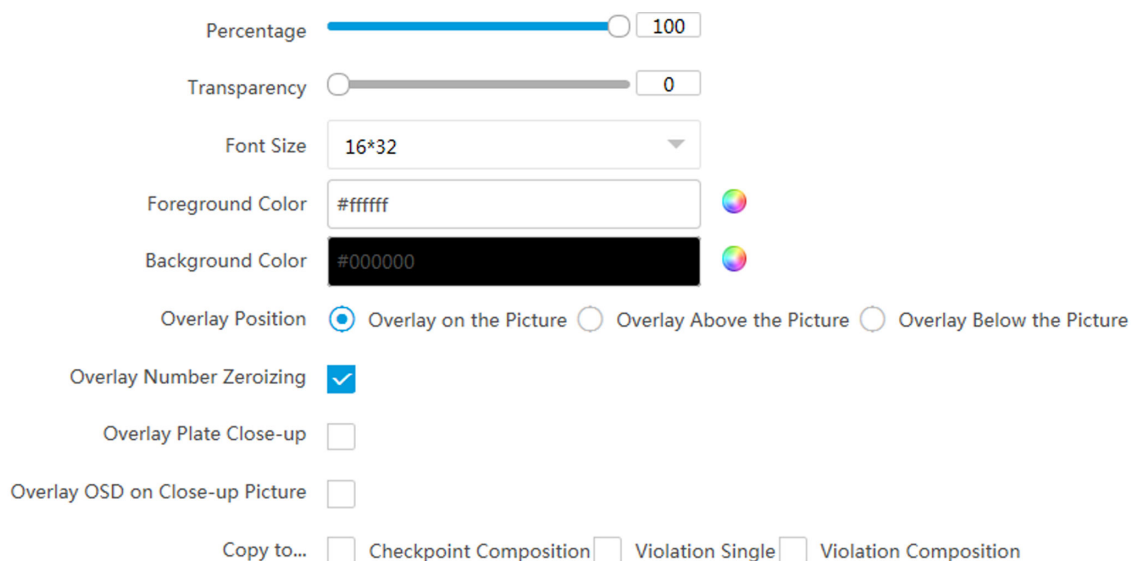
If you want to overlay information on the captured single pictures, set capture overlay.

Steps



The supported parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Capture Parameters** → **Text Overlay** .
2. Select single picture channel.
3. Check **Capture Picture Overlay**.



Percentage 100

Transparency 0

Font Size 16*32

Foreground Color #ffffff

Background Color #000000

Overlay Position Overlay on the Picture Overlay Above the Picture Overlay Below the Picture

Overlay Number Zeroizing

Overlay Plate Close-up

Overlay OSD on Close-up Picture

Copy to... Checkpoint Composition Violation Single Violation Composition

Figure 1-24 Set Single Picture Overlay

4. Set the percentage, front size, color, overlay position, etc.

Percentage

It is the percentage that the overlaid information occupies on the picture. For example, if you set the percentage to 50, the overlaid information in a row will occupy up to half of the image width, and the excess content will be overlaid from a new line.

Transparency

It is the condition of viewing the live view image through the overlaid information.

Overlay Number Zeroizing

When the overlaid number digits are smaller than the fixed digits, 0 will be overlaid before the overlaid number. E.g., the fixed digits for lane No. is 2. If the lane No. is 1, 01 will be overlaid on the picture.

Overlay Plate Close-up

Check it to overlay license plate close-up pictures on the captured pictures. Set the plate picture close-up zooming ratio to adjust the close-up picture size.

Overlay OSD on Close-up Picture

Check it to overlay the OSD information on the close-up pictures.

5. Optional: Check the other channel(s) to copy the same settings.

6. Select the overlay information from the list.



Note

The overlay information varies with different models. The actual device prevails.

7. Set the overlay information.

View Default Type	You can view the default overlay information.
Set Type	You can edit the type.
Set Overlay Information	For some information types, you can edit the detailed information.
Set Overlay Position	If you check it, the current information will be displayed from a new line.
Set Space	Edit the number of space between the current information and the next one from 0 to 255. 0 means there is no space.
Set Line Break Characters	Edit the number of characters from 0 to 100 between the current information line and the previous information line. 0 means no line break.
Adjust overlay sequence	Click / to adjust the display sequence of the overlay information.

8. Click **Save**.

Set Composite Picture Overlay

If you want to overlay information on the composite pictures, set composite picture overlay.

Steps

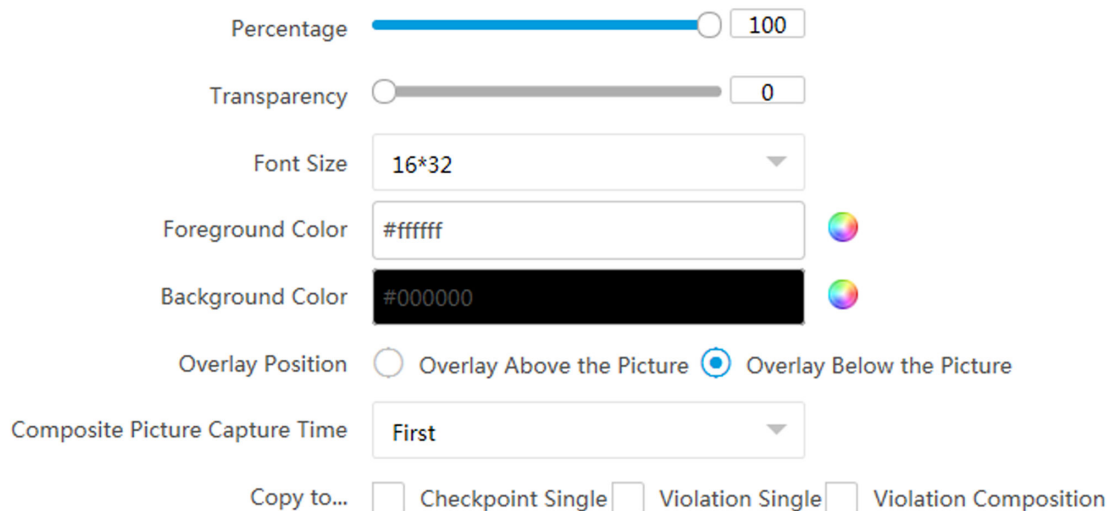


Note

The supported parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Capture Parameters** → **Text Overlay** .
2. Select composite picture channel.


3. Check Capture Picture Overlay.




Percentage 100

Transparency 0

Font Size

Foreground Color 

Background Color 

Overlay Position Overlay Above the Picture Overlay Below the Picture

Composite Picture Capture Time

Copy to... Checkpoint Single Violation Single Violation Composition

Figure 1-25 Set Composite Picture Overlay

4. Set the font size, color, overlay position, etc.

Percentage

It is the percentage that the overlaid information occupies on the picture. For example, if you set the percentage to 50, the overlaid information in a row will occupy up to half of the image width, and the excess content will be overlaid from a new line.

Transparency

It is the condition of viewing the live view image through the overlaid information.

Composite Picture Capture Time

The capture time of the selected picture sequence will be overlaid on the composite picture.

5. **Optional:** Check the other channel(s) to copy the same settings.

6. Select the overlay information from the list.

Note

The overlay information varies with different models. The actual device prevails.

7. Set the overlay information.

View Default Type	You can view the default overlay information.
Set Type	You can edit the type.
Set Overlay Information	For some information types, you can edit the detailed information.
Set Overlay Position	If you check it, the current information will be displayed from a new line.

- Set Space** Edit the number of space between the current information and the next one from 0 to 255. 0 means there is no space.
- Set Line Break Characters** Edit the number of characters from 0 to 100 between the current information line and the previous information line. 0 means no line break.
- Adjust overlay sequence** Click ^ / v to adjust the display sequence of the overlay information.

8. Click **Save**.

1.9.6 Set Face Picture Matting

You can enable driver's, passenger's, or non-motor vehicle user's face picture matting on the capture violation pictures and set corresponding parameters.

Steps



Note

Some models do not support face picture matting. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Capture Parameters** → **Vehicle Feature** → **Face Picture Matting**.
2. Check **Enable Face Picture Matting**.

Enable Face Picture Matting

Face Picture Matting Object Driver Face Picture Matting Passenger Face Picture Matting Non-Motor Vehicle User's Face Picture Matting

Overlay Frame on Matting

Face Close-up Picture Cutting Ratio Small Medium Large

Face Close-up Picture Ratio

Matting Contrast Enhancement

Close-up Picture Output Mode

Figure 1-26 Set Face Picture Matting

3. Set corresponding parameters.

Face Picture Matting Object

Driver Face Picture Matting

Check it when you need to detect the driver's face picture. You can also check **Face Picture Matting of Violation Picture** to detect the driver's face in the violation picture.

Passenger Face Picture Matting

Check it when you need to detect the passenger's face picture.

- Check **Face Picture Matting of Violation Picture** to detect the passenger's face in the violation picture.
- Check **Check out Front Passenger Forcedly** to mat the front passenger's picture no matter there is someone in the seat or not.

Non-Motor Vehicle User's Face Picture Matting

Check it when you need to detect the non-motor vehicle user's face picture.

Overlay Frame on Matting

Check it to overlay frame on the matted picture.

Face Close-up Picture Cutting Ratio

Select the cutting ratio of the face close-up picture to be small, middle, or large.

Face Close-up Picture Ratio

Adjust the zooming ratio of the face close-up picture.

Matting Contrast Enhancement

Check it to enable the function and set the level. The higher the level is, the stronger the contrast between the matting and the overlaid picture will be.

Close-up Picture Output Mode

Overlay on Picture

The driver's face close-up picture will be overlaid on the upper right corner of the picture, and the passenger's face close-up picture will be overlaid on the upper left corner of the picture.

Upload Arm

The face close-up pictures will be uploaded to the arming host or listening host.

Overlay and Upload Arm

The face close-up pictures will both be overlaid on the pictures and uploaded to the arming host or listening host.

4. Click **Save**.

Result

If level 1 arming is set for the camera, the face close-up pictures will be uploaded to the level 1 arming device. If only level 2 arming is set for the camera, the face close-up pictures will both be stored in the local storage and uploaded to the level 2 arming device.

1.9.7 Set Body Picture Matting

Set body picture matting first if you need to upload body and vehicle pictures to the platform.

Steps

Note

The function varies with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration → Capture → Capture Parameters → Vehicle Feature → Body Picture Matting** .
2. Check **Enable Body Picture Matting**.

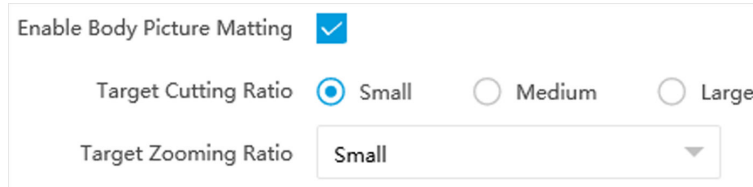


Figure 1-27 Set Body Picture Matting

3. Set body picture matting parameters according to the actual needs.
4. Click **Save**.

Result

If the device is level 1 armed, the matting pictures will be uploaded to this device directly. If the device is level 2 armed, the matting pictures will be saved to the SD/TF card and uploaded to a level 2 armed device.

1.9.8 Set Traffic Light

Set Traffic Light Enhancement

Adjust the traffic light enhancement parameters to restore true colors of the traffic lights.

Steps

Note

The function varies with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration → Video → Traffic Light Enhancement** .
2. Check **Traffic Light Enhancement**.

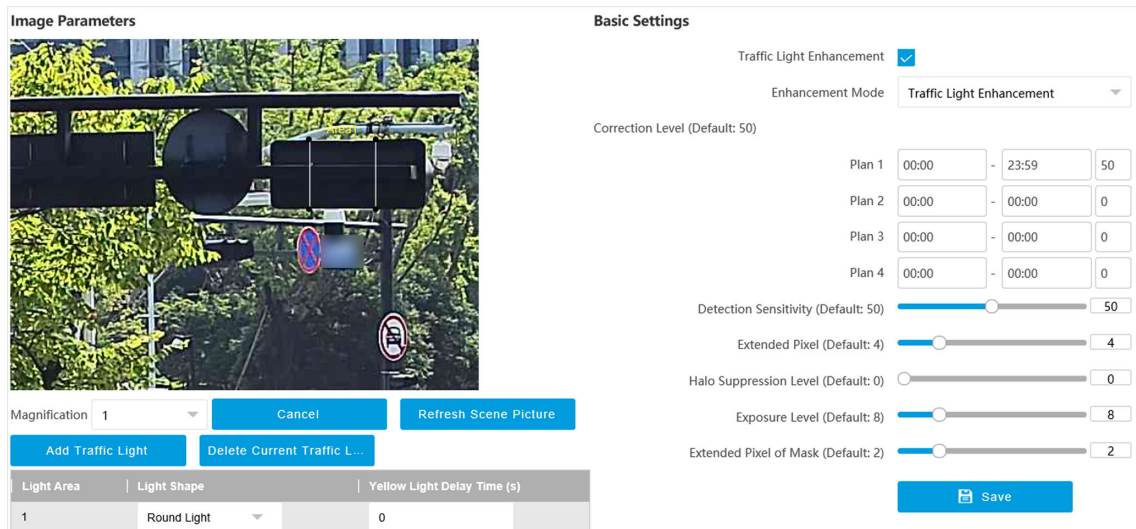


Figure 1-28 Set Traffic Light Enhancement

3. Select Enhancement Mode.

Note

Select **Smart Traffic Light Enhancement** if the device supports this mode.

4. Draw traffic light areas.

- 1) Select **Magnification**.
- 2) Click **Zoom In**.
- 3) Click **Add Traffic Light**.
- 4) Adjust the drawn areas according to the actual scene.

Note

You need to cover the whole scene where the traffic lights locate if you select **Smart Traffic Light Enhancement**. Draw areas according to each traffic light location if you select **Traffic Light Enhancement**.



Figure 1-29 Sample

- 5) **Optional:** Select **Light Shape**.
 - 6) **Optional:** Set **Yellow Light Delay Time**.
5. Set traffic light enhancement parameters according to the actual needs.
-

Note

Keep default settings if the device supports smart traffic light enhancement mode.

Correction Level

You can set different correction levels for different periods. The higher the value is, the brighter the traffic image color will be.

Detection Sensitivity

It is recommended to adjust by 5 once. This function is valid during daytime. The higher the value is, the less enhancement exception is.

Extended Pixel

It is recommended to adjust by 5 once. The higher the value is, the clearer the enhanced area is.

Halo Suppression Level

It is recommended to adjust by 10 once. This function is valid during night. The higher the value is, the lighter the halo is.

Exposure Level

The higher the exposure level is, the brighter the image is.

Extended Pixel of Mask

It is recommended to adjust by 1 once. The higher the value is, the less possibility to get exceptional image edges of the traffic lights. However, the traffic lights will be easily enhanced.

6. Click **Save**.

Set Traffic Light Synchronization

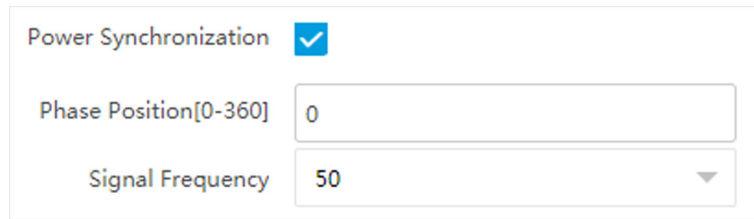
If you want to synchronize the shutter with the traffic light, enable the traffic light synchronization.

Steps

Note

The function varies with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration** → **Video** → **Camera Parameter** → **Power Synchronization** .
2. Check **Power Synchronization**.



The screenshot shows a configuration panel for traffic light synchronization. It includes three settings: 'Power Synchronization' which is checked with a blue checkmark; 'Phase Position[0-360]' which is a text input field containing the value '0'; and 'Signal Frequency' which is a dropdown menu currently set to '50'.

Figure 1-30 Set Traffic Light Synchronization

3. Set **Phase Position** and **Signal Frequency** according to the actual needs.
4. Click **Save**.

1.9.9 Set Vehicle Feature Parameters

Set vehicle feature parameters if you need to detect the vehicle features of the passing vehicle.

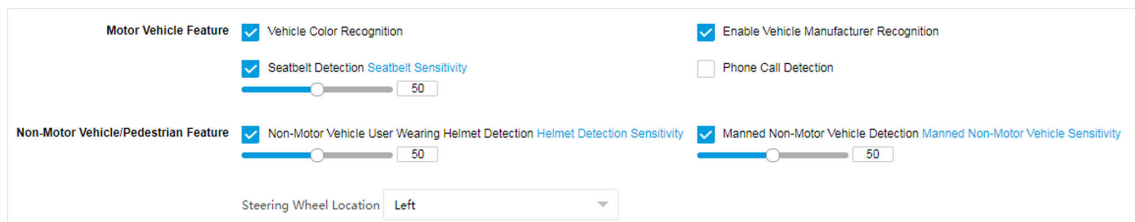
Steps



Note

The parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration → Capture → Capture Parameters → Vehicle Feature → Vehicle Feature** .



The screenshot displays the 'Vehicle Feature Parameters' configuration page. It is divided into two main sections: 'Motor Vehicle Feature' and 'Non-Motor Vehicle/Pedestrian Feature'. Under 'Motor Vehicle Feature', there are four options: 'Vehicle Color Recognition' (checked), 'Seatbelt Detection' (checked) with a 'Seatbelt Sensitivity' slider set to 50, 'Enable Vehicle Manufacturer Recognition' (checked), and 'Phone Call Detection' (unchecked). Under 'Non-Motor Vehicle/Pedestrian Feature', there are three options: 'Non-Motor Vehicle User Wearing Helmet Detection' (checked) with a 'Helmet Detection Sensitivity' slider set to 50, 'Manned Non-Motor Vehicle Detection' (checked) with a 'Manned Non-Motor Vehicle Sensitivity' slider set to 50, and 'Steering Wheel Location' (Left) which is a dropdown menu.

Figure 1-31 Set Vehicle Feature Parameters

2. Check the vehicle features that needed to be detected, and set the corresponding parameters.

Non-Motor Vehicle User Wearing Helmet Detection

Set **Helmet Detection Sensitivity**. It will capture when the amount of people who are not wearing helmets reaches the set value. If there are 2 or above people in the vehicle, it will not capture when the amount of people who are not wearing helmets is less than the set value. If there is only one person in the vehicle and he/she is not wearing a helmet, it will capture.

3. Select **Steering Wheel Location** according to the actual condition.
4. Click **Save**.

1.9.10 Set Image Encoding Parameters

If the captured pictures are not clear, set the resolution of the captured pictures and the picture size.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Capture Parameters** → **Image Encoding and Composition** → **Image Encoding** .

Capture Resolution	4096*2160
Close-up Picture Resolution	4096*2160
JPEG Picture Size(KB)	1024
Composite Picture Size (Format:JPEG)(KB)	1536
Picture EXIF Format Transmission	<input type="checkbox"/>

Figure 1-32 Set Image Encoding Parameters

2. Select **Capture Resolution**.
3. Select **Close-up Picture Resolution**.
4. Enter the picture size.

JPEG Picture Size

The size of the compressed captured picture. The actual size is related to the scene complexity.

Composite Picture Size

The size of the compressed composite picture. The actual size is related to the scene complexity.

Note

Only the device supporting picture composition supports composite picture size settings. The actual device prevails.

Picture EXIF Format Transmission

The captured pictures will be transmitted in the EXIF format.

5. Click **Save**.

1.9.11 Set Linked Capture

The device supports to run the linked camera to capture from different angles.

Before You Start

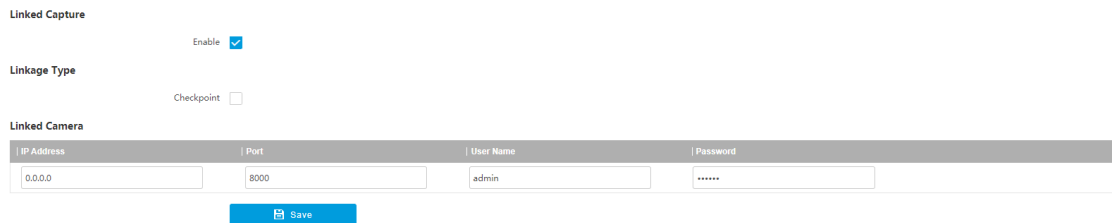
Select application mode and check violation detection types.

Steps

Note

The function varies with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration → Event → Alarm Linkage → Linked Capture** .
2. Check **Enable**.



IP Address	Port	User Name	Password
0.0.0.0	8000	admin	*****

Save

Figure 1-33 Set Linked Capture

3. Check **Linkage Type**.

Note

The supported linkage types vary with different violation types. The actual device prevails.

4. Set **Linked Camera** parameters.
5. Click **Save**.

1.10 Set Barrier Gate Linkage

If a barrier gate has been connected to the device, you can link barrier gate to realize the control and management of the vehicles at the entrance or exit.

Note

Only the device supporting license plate recognition system supports barrier gate linkage. The actual device prevails.

1.10.1 Set Allowlist and Blocklist

Set allowlist and blocklist if you want to control the passing vehicles at the entrance or exit via the barrier gate.

Before You Start

- Connect the barrier gate to the relay output interface of the device.
- Install the storage card, and ensure the storage status is normal.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Capture → Entrance and Exit → Allowlist and Blocklist** .

2. Add an allowlist or blocklist.

- 1) Click **Add**.
- 2) Set **License Plate Number** and **Card No.**, and select the list type.
- 3) **Optional:** If you want to control allowlist vehicles during fixed time period, enable **Time Settings**, and set the effective start time and end time.
- 4) Click **OK**.

 **Note**

Wait for 15 minutes to let the added allowlist or blocklist write into the storage. Do not reboot the device during the process.

The information of the added vehicles in the allowlist or blocklist will be listed below.

Search List

Filter by Keywords

Delete List

Delete Type Keywords

No.	License Plate Number	Belong to	Card No.	Effective Start Time	Effective End Time
1		Blocklist			
2		Allowlist			
3		Blocklist			
4		Allowlist			
5		Blocklist			
6		Allowlist			
7		Blocklist			
8		Allowlist			
9		Blocklist			
10		Allowlist			

Total 4897 Items [First Page](#) [Prev Page](#) 1/490 [Next Page](#) [Last Page](#)

Figure 1-34 Set Allowlist and Blocklist

3. You can search, modify, delete, import, or export the allowlist and blocklist.

Search Select the search type, or enter the keywords. Click **Search**. The searched vehicle information will be listed below.

Modify Select an item from the list, and click . Modify the information, and click **OK**.

- Delete**
- Select the delete type, or enter the keywords. Click **Delete** to delete the lists of the same type.
 - Select an item from the list, and click **×** to delete the item.
 - Click **Delete All** to delete all the lists.
- Import**
- a. Click **Import**.
 - b. Click **Download Template**, and save the template.
 - c. Open the template, edit the information, and save it.
 - d. Click **Import** again.
 - e. Click **Browse** to select the edited template.
 - f. Click **Import** to import the information to the device.
- Export** Click **Export** and select the saving path to export the allowlist or blocklist to the computer.

1.10.2 Control Barrier Gate

Link the barrier gate to realize the control and management of the vehicles at the entrance or exit.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Capture → Entrance and Exit → Barrier Gate**.

Relay No.	Relay Function
1	Open
2	Close

Vehicle Type	Barrier Gate	Alarm Operation
Temporary Vehicle	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Not Operate <input type="radio"/> Open Gate	<input type="checkbox"/> Upload via SDK <input type="checkbox"/> Upload to Alarm Host <input type="checkbox"/> Upload to Mailbox
Vehicle of Blocklist	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Not Operate <input type="radio"/> Open Gate	<input type="checkbox"/> Upload via SDK <input type="checkbox"/> Upload to Alarm Host <input type="checkbox"/> Upload to Mailbox
Vehicle of Allowlist	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Not Operate <input type="radio"/> Open Gate	<input type="checkbox"/> Upload via SDK <input type="checkbox"/> Upload to Alarm Host <input type="checkbox"/> Upload to Mailbox

Barrier Gate No.	Barrier Gate Operation	Barrier Status
1	<input type="button" value="Close"/> <input type="button" value="Open"/> <input type="button" value="Unlock"/> <input type="button" value="Lock"/>	Check whether the barrier position signal is connected.

Figure 1-35 Control Barrier Gate

2. Select **Control Mode**.

By Camera

The barrier gate is controlled via the license plates recognized by the capture camera.

3. Set the relay function.

Note

The supported number of relays varies with different models. Relay 1 corresponds to the 1A and 1B of the terminal. Relay 2 corresponds to the 2A and 2B of the terminal.

-
4. Set the barrier gate operation and alarm operation for the temporary vehicles, vehicles in the blocklist, and vehicles in the allowlist.
 - Check **Upload via SDK** to arm and upload the vehicle information to the arming terminal via SDK.
 - If the device has been connected to the alarm device, check **Upload to Alarm Host**. When the barrier gate is open, the alarm device will be triggered to alarm.
 - Check **Upload to Mailbox** to email the vehicle information to the user.
 5. **Optional:** You can click **Close**, **Open**, **Unlock**, or **Lock** to control the barrier gate remotely.
-

Note

The functions of remote control of barrier gate vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

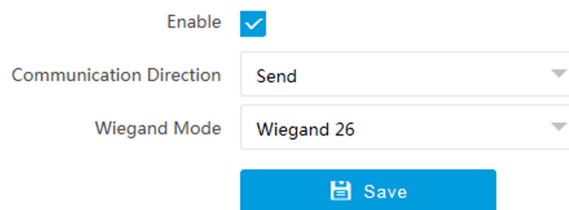
-
6. Click **Save**.
-

1.10.3 Set Wiegand Parameters

The device can get access to the access control system or other system supporting Wiegand protocols to send data in the entrance and exit scenes.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Capture → Entrance and Exit → Wiegand Parameters**.
2. Check **Enable**.



Enable

Communication Direction

Wiegand Mode


 Save

Figure 1-36 Set Wiegand Parameters

3. Select **Communication Direction**.

Send

The barrier gate can be connected to the device via Wiegand 26 or Wiegand 34 mode.

4. Select **Wiegand Mode**.

Wiegand 26

It is applicable to all the access control projects. The device will get the card No. (pure numbers with no more than 8 digits) from the allowlist and blocklist related to the captured

license plate number and send the card No. to the access control system or other system supporting Wiegand protocols via Wiegand 26 protocol.

Wiegand 34

It is applicable to all the access control projects. The device will get the card No. (pure numbers with no more than 10 digits) from the allowlist and blacklist related to the captured license plate number and send the card No. to the access control system or other system supporting Wiegand protocols via Wiegand 34 protocol.

Wiegand 72

It is a non-standard Wiegand protocol. The device will get the card No. (up to 9 characters only including 0 to 9, uppercase, or lowercase can be sent) from the allowlist and blacklist related to the captured license plate number and send the card No. to the access control system or other system supporting Wiegand protocols via Wiegand 72 protocol.

Wiegand sha1 26

It is a non-standard Wiegand protocol. The captured license plate number will be encrypted via sha1. The last low 24 bits after encryption will be get as the data bits. The high 12-bit parity check bits will be added before the highest bit. The low 12-bit parity check bits will be added after the lowest bit. The bit stream composed with 26 bits will be sent to the access control system or other system supporting Wiegand protocols.

5. Click **Save**.

Chapter 2 Radar Detection

Radar is used to detect the target and link the capture. Set radar detection parameters before capturing vehicle pictures.

Note

The function varies with different models. The actual device prevails.

2.1 Set Detection Parameters

Set radar detection parameters before capturing vehicle pictures.

Before You Start

Select the application mode as **RS-485 Radar**, and select **Radar Type** as **Multi-Lane Radar**.

Steps

Note

The parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Click **Radar**.
2. Set basic parameters.
 - 1) Click **Basic Settings**.



Figure 2-1 Basic Settings

- 2) View the radar information.

Radar Status

The current radar status. The radar can be normally used in normal status. If the radar is in upgrading status, do not reboot the device. Refresh the interface every one minute, and the status can be restored to normal.

Software Version

The software version of the radar. Part of models support hovering the cursor on the software version content to show radar details.

- 3) Check **Debug Mode** to set the radar debug parameters.
 - 4) **Optional:** Enable **Display Track**, and the target track will be displayed on the interface according to the detected coordinates.
 - 5) **Optional:** If you need to upgrade the radar, click **Browse** to select the upgrade package from the computer and click **Upgrade** to upgrade it.
3. Set debug parameters.
- 1) Click **Debug Parameters**.

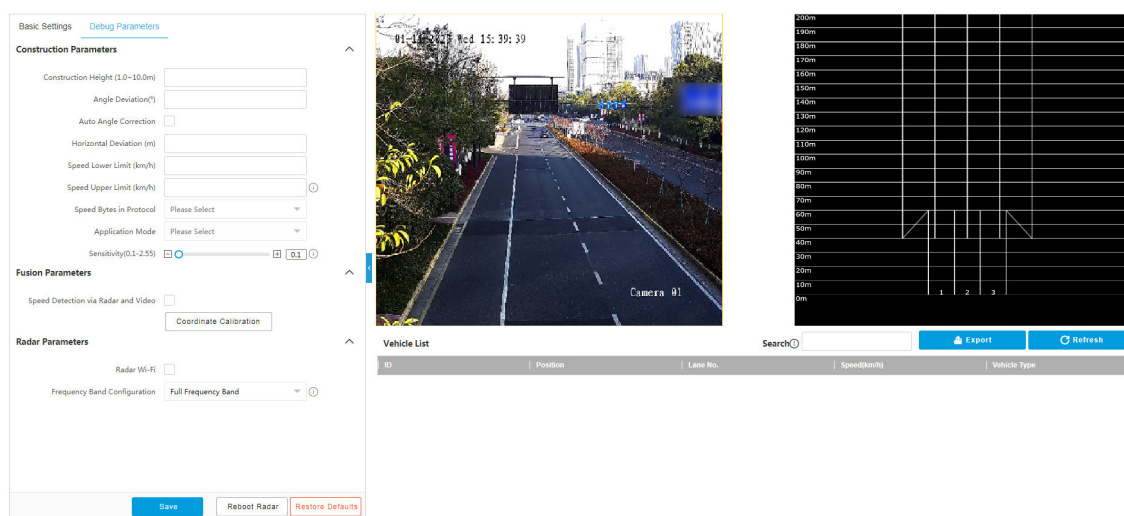


Figure 2-2 Debug Parameters

- 2) Set construction parameters.

Construction Height

Set the construction height of the radar according to construction at the actual scene.

Angle Deviation

It is the angle deviation between the radar detected lane and the actual lane. Rotate the angle of the detected lane in the diagram to overlap it with the actual lane to correct the difference.

Auto Angle Correction

Check it to get the radar deviation angle according to the moving path of vehicle.

Horizontal Deviation

It is the horizontal position deviation between the radar detected lane and the actual lane. You can set it in two ways.

- Method 1: Move the detected lane in the diagram leftwards or rightwards to overlap it with the actual lane to correct the difference.
- Method 2: Enter the horizontal distance(m) from the radar installation position to the middle line of the actual lane to correct the difference.

Speed Lower Limit

The min. speed below which the radar cannot detect.

Speed Upper Limit

The max. speed beyond which the radar cannot detect. The radar can detect the speed higher than 255 km/h in double-byte protocol.

Speed Bytes in Protocol

It refers to how many bytes are occupied for transmitting speed data in a speed detection message. Select **Single-Byte** if the speed is under 255 km/h. Select **Double-Byte** if the speed exceeds 255 km/h.

Application Mode

Select the radar trigger mode.

Sensitivity

The lower the sensitivity is, the smaller target volume a radar can detect.

3) Set fusion parameters.

Speed Detection via Radar and Video

Check it to match detected speeds with detected objects in live view.

Coordinate Calibration

Refer to [**Set Radar Calibration**](#) for details.

4) Set radar parameters.

Radar Wi-Fi

You can set radar parameters via Wi-Fi after enabling it.

Frequency Band Configuration

Set it to avoid interferences that caused by multiple radars in the same frequency band.

The radar will reboot automatically after editing the frequency band.

5) Click **Save**.

6) **Optional:** Click **Reboot Radar** to reboot the radar.

7) **Optional:** Click **Restore Defaults** to restore all the parameters to the default settings.

2.2 Set Radar Calibration

Calibrate radar after the radar detection parameters are set to display the targets detected by the radar on the video.

Before You Start

Enable **Rules Information** in **Configuration** → **Local** .

Steps

1. Click **Radar**.
2. Click **Coordinate Calibration**.
3. Set the radar calibration.
 - Set manual calibration. Refer to **Manual Calibration** for details.
 - Set auto calibration. Refer to **Auto Calibration** for details.

Note

The supported calibration modes vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

2.2.1 Manual Calibration

Steps

1. Click **Coordinate Calibration**.
2. Select **Calibration Mode** as **Manual Calibration**.



Figure 2-3 Manual Calibration

3. Draw the lane lines.

- 1) Select the lane sum.
- 2) Select the lane line No.
- 3) Click **Draw Lane Line**.

The selected lane line will be displayed on the live view picture.

- 4) Drag the two end points of the line or drag the whole line to adjust its position according to the actual scene.

- 5) Repeat the steps above to draw more lane lines.
4. Draw the calibration area.
 - 1) Select **Calibration Point**.
 - 2) Click **Calibration**.
 - 3) Click the left button of the mouse to locate the vertexes of the calibration area on the live view image, and click the right button of the mouse to finish the drawing.

 **Note**

The number of vertexes should be consistent with the selected number of **Calibration Point**.

- 4) Drag the vertexes of the calibration area to align it to the lanes.

 **Note**

- If the lanes cannot be aligned, ensure the calibration area can contain the detection area.
- You can refer to the schematic diagram and top view description to draw the calibration area.

- 5) **Optional:** Click **Clear** to clear the drawn calibration area.
5. Measure the world coordinates of the vertexes, and enter the values in the corresponding coordinate text fields.

 **Note**

The origin (0, 0) of the world coordinates locates in the middle of the whole lanes detected by the radar. You can refer to the top view of the diagram for the positions.

6. Adjust the radar in two ways if the coordinates fed back from the radar cannot be matched with the measured coordinates when the vehicle passes the calibration position.
 - Adjust the radar until it can feed back the correct position.
 - Adjust the X-coordinates of the calibration points to make them adapt to the coordinates fed back from the radar. The method is to enter the X-coordinates fed back from the radar into the corresponding text fields when the vehicle passes the far left or far right. Adjust finely if there is small deviation to guarantee the radar frames and the video frames can be matched in the field of view.
7. **Optional:** Check **Hide Calibration Lines** to hide the lines on the live view image.
8. Click **OK**.

2.2.2 Auto Calibration

Steps

1. Click **Coordinate Calibration**.
2. Select **Calibration Mode** as **Auto Calibration**.

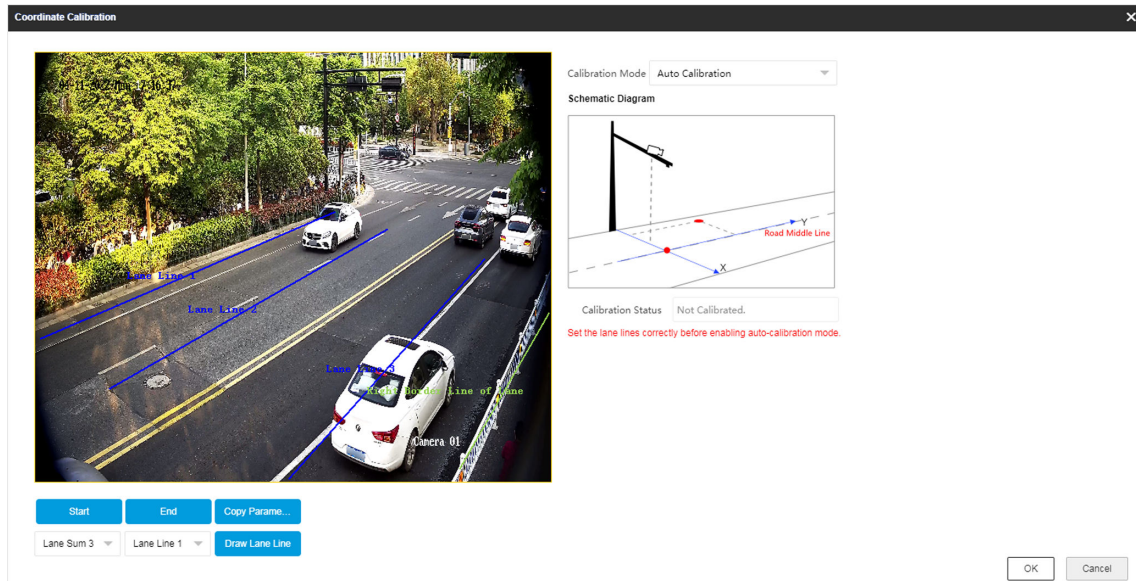


Figure 2-4 Auto Calibration

3. Draw the lane lines.
 - 1) Select the lane sum.
 - 2) Select the lane line No.
 - 3) Click **Draw Lane Line**.

The selected lane line will be displayed on the live view picture.

 - 4) Drag the two end points of the line or drag the whole line to adjust its position according to the actual scene.
 - 5) Repeat the steps above to draw more lane lines.
4. Click **Start**.

The auto calibration starts, and you can view the calibration status and progress. 100% means the auto calibration is finished.

5. **Optional:** Click **End** if the calibration effect has met the requirement during the process.
6. **Optional:** Click **Copy Parameters to Coordinate Mode** to copy the auto calibrated coordinates to the coordinate mode.
7. Click **OK**.

2.3 Search Detected Vehicles

You can search the radar detected vehicles and export the information.

Steps

1. Click **Radar**.
2. View the vehicle information in the vehicle list.
3. Enter the vehicle No. in the text field, and press **Enter** to search the vehicle information.
4. **Optional:** Export the vehicle information.

- Search the vehicle first, and click **Export** to export the searched vehicle information to the computer.
- Click **Export** directly to export the information of all the detected vehicles to the computer.

Chapter 3 View Real-Time Picture

You can view the real-time captured pictures and license plate information.

Steps



Note

The supported parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Live View** → **Real-Time Capture** .
2. Click **Arming**.
3. Select an item from the list, and you can view the capture scene picture and recognized license plate information.

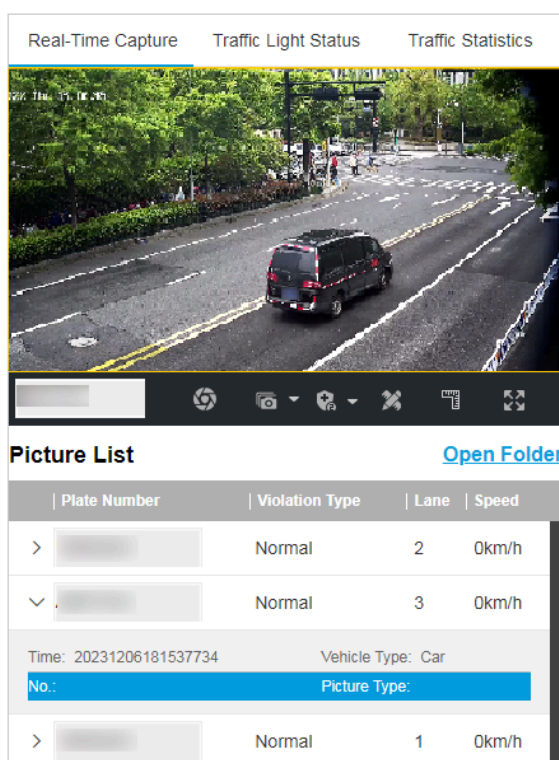


Figure 3-1 Real-Time Picture

4. **Optional:** You can also do the following operations.



- **Level 1 Arming** can only connect one client or web. The uploaded pictures will not be stored in the storage card. The pictures in the storage card will be uploaded to the level 1 arming.
- **Level 2 Arming** can connect three clients or webs. The pictures will be uploaded to the client/web, and stored in the storage card.
- **Disarming** is to cancel the alarm status or real-time picture.



Click it to measure the license plate pixel. Click it again to disable the measurement.



Click it to enable the ruler to measure the license plate.



Click it to enable manual capture.



Click it to set continuous capture parameters and the device will capture pictures according to the set interval.

- **Capture Times:** Up to five pictures can be captured per continuous capture.
- **Interval:** Up to four intervals can be set, and the default interval is 100 ms.



Display the images in full screen mode.

**Open
Folder**

Open the saving path of captured pictures.

Chapter 4 Search Picture

You can search the captured pictures stored in the storage card and export the pictures you need.

Before You Start

Install the storage card, and ensure the storage status is normal.

Steps

1. Click **Picture**.
2. Set search conditions.

 **Note**

Search conditions vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

3. Click **Search**.

The searched pictures information will be displayed in the picture list.

 **Note**

If you have set level 1 arming for the device, the captured pictures will not be saved in the storage card. Go to the saving path of scene pictures to view them. You can go to **Configuration** → **Local** to check the saving path.

4. **Optional:** Check picture(s) and click **Download** to save them to local.

The downloaded picture(s) will be marked as "Downloaded". You can go to **Configuration** → **Local** to check the saving path.

Chapter 5 View Traffic Statistics

5.1 View Real-Time Traffic Statistics

You can view the real-time traffic statistics if the device supports this function.

Steps



This function varies with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Advanced** → **Traffic Parameters** → **Traffic Parameters** .
2. Check **Enable**.
3. Set **Interval**.
4. Go to **Live View** → **Traffic Statistics** to view real-time data.

5.2 View Traffic Flow Statistics

The device supports counting and uploading traffic follow data.

Steps



This function varies with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration** → **Capture** → **Advanced** → **Traffic Parameters** → **TPS Parameters** .
2. Check **Enable**.
3. Set **Interval**.
4. Click **Save**.

Chapter 6 View Traffic Light Status

For the device supporting traffic light detection, you can go to **Live View** → **Traffic Light Status** to check real-time traffic light status after the traffic light detection mode is set.



See Far, Go Further